SCHEME & SYLLABUS

(w.e.f from session - 2021)

Programme code-NUR 301



DEPARTMENT OF NURSING

RIMT UNIVERSITY, MANDIGOBINDGARH, PUNJAB

TABLE OF CONTENTS

S. No.	Content	Page No.
1.	Section 1: Vision and Mission of the University	3
2.	Section 2: Vision and Mission of the Department	4
3.	Section 3: About the Program	5
4.	Section 4: Program Educational Objectives (PEOs), Program Outcomes (POs) and Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	6-8
5.	Section 5: Curriculum / Scheme with Examination Scheme	10-14
6.	Section 6: Detailed Syllabus with Course Outcomes	17-252

RIMT UNIVERSITY MANDI GOBINDGARH, PUNJAB

VISION

To become one of the most preferred learning places and a centre of excellence to promote and nurture future leaders who would facilitate the desired change in the society.

MISSION

- To impart teaching and learning through cutting-edge technologies supported by the world class infrastructure
- To empower and transform young minds into capable leaders and responsible citizens of India instilled with high ethical and moral values.
- To develop human potential to its fullest extent and make them emerge as world class leaders in their professions and enthuse them towards their social responsibilities.

SCHOOL OF NURSING

Vision

The vision of RIMT School of nursing is to prepare excellent health care providers and leaders to transform the lives of persons and communities through innovative education and health care.

Mission

- To devotes its resources to maintaining quality nursing programs in an environment that focuses on clinical competence across all scopes of practice.
- To develop the technical and thinking skills needed to foster successful careers and a lifetime of continued professional learning
- The programs build on foundations of general education common to nursing education, and all programs meet or exceed common standards for nursing education programs
- The programs integrate holistic health care values with traditional health care values so students can explore the understanding of "whole body wellness" in client care

About the Program

The B.Sc. nursing degree program is a four-year fulltime program comprising eight semesters, which prepares B.Sc. nursing graduates qualified to practice nursing and midwifery in a variety of settings in either public/government or private healthcare settings. It adopts credit system and semester system as per the Authority guidelines with minor modifications suitable to professional education in a hybrid form. The program encompasses foundational, core and elective courses. The choice-based system is applicable to electives only and is offered in the form of modules. Modular learning is also integrated in the foundational as well as core courses that is mandatory.

The program prepares nurses and midwives for generalist nursing including midwifery practice. Knowledge acquisition related to wellness, health promotion, illness, disease management and care of the dying is core to nursing practice. Mastery of competencies is the main focus. Students are provided with opportunities to learn a whole range of skills in addition to acquiring knowledge related to nursing practice (nursing and midwifery). This is achieved through learning in skill lab/simulated lab and clinical environment.

Simulation will be integrated throughout the curriculum wherever feasible to enable them to develop competencies before entry into real field of practice. The revised curriculum embraces competency-based and outcome-based approach throughout the program integrating mastery learning and self-directed learning. Transformational and relationship based educational approaches are emphasized. Through the educational process the students assimilate and synthesize knowledge, cultivate critical thinking skills and develop care strategies. Competencies that reflect practice standards of the Council address the areas of cultural diversity, communication technology, teamwork and collaboration, safety, quality, therapeutic interventions and evidence based practice. They are prepared to provide safe and competent care to patients across life span and influence patient outcomes.

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs),Program Outcomes (POs) and Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

PROGRAMME EDUCATION OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

PEO1	To provide innovative and academically challenging experience to equip student nurses to meet health care needs globally.
PEO2	To prepare professional nurses who will provide comprehensive health care to individual and community with commitment and compassion
	To enhance professional growth by contributing to the body of nursing knowledge through continued nursing process
PEO4	Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations
PEO5	Conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice



PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)

Program	Outcomes (PO): On successful completion of this Program, the learner will be able to:
101	Nursing Knowledge : Apply knowledge from physical, biological and behavioral sciences, medicine including alternative systems and nursing in providing care to individuals, families and communities.
PU /.	Nurse and the community: Demonstrate understanding of lifestyle and other factors, which affect health of individuals and groups.
PO 3	Care giver: Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with the individuals and groups.
	Problem analysis/ Decision making : Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order to provide quality care.
	Nurse and the health care system: Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with the national health policies and programmes.
PO 6	Nurse and the profession : Practice within the frame work of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
F()/	Communication: Communicate effectively with individuals and groups and members of the health team in order to promote effective interpersonal relationships and teamwork.
PLIA	Information Education and Counseling: Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical / community health settings.
	Nurse as a collaborative care giver: Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
P() IU	Nursing administration and management: Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical / community health settings.
	Nursing research: Conduct need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to improve the quality of care.
	Technology update: Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care
1015	Life-long learning: Demonstrate awareness, interest and contribute towards advancement of self and of the profession.



Program Name: BSc. Nursing Programme code NUR 301

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO1. Elicit & illuminate life style factors and practices, which impact the continuum of health.

PSO2. Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with the individuals and groups.



Program Name: BSc. Nursing Programme code NUR 301

> Syllabi Applicable For Admissions in 2021 Onwards

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End Semester College Exam, and End Semester University Exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S.No	Cours e					
		Intern al	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hour s	Tota l Mar ks
	Theory			•	_	
1	Communicative English	25	2 5		2	50
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	25		75	3	10 0
3	Applied Sociology & AppliedPsychology	25		75	3	10 0
4	Nursing Foundations I	*25				
	Practical				•	
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25				

*Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations II Theory and Practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory: Nursing Foundations I Theory Internal marks in 1st semester will be added to NursingFoundations II Theory Internal in the 2nd semester and average of the two semesters will be taken.

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II SEMESTER

S.No	e Cours e	Assessment (Marks)					
		Interna l	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hour s	Tota l Mar ks	
	Theory						
1	Applied Biochemistry and AppliedNutrition & Dietetics	25		7 5	3	10 0	
2	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	25 I Sem- 25 & II Sem- 25 (with average of both)		7 5	3	10 0	
3	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	25	2 5		2	50	
	Practical						
4	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	50 I Sem- 25 & II Sem- 25		5 0		10 0	

III SEMESTER

S.No	Cours e	Assessment (Marks)				
		Interna l	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hour s	Tota l mar ks
	Theory					
1	Applied Microbiology and InfectionControl including Safety	25		75	3	100
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	*25				
3	Adult Health Nursing I	25		75	3	100
	Practical					
4	Adult Health Nursing I	50		50		100

*Will be added to the internal marks of Pharmacology II and Pathology II & Genetics in the next semester (Totalweightage remains the same).

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IV SEMESTER

S.No	Cours e	Assessment (Marks)				
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hour s	Tota l mar ks
	Theory					
1	Pharmacology & Pathology (I & II) and Genetics	25 III Sem- 25 & IV Sem- 25 (with average of		75	3	100

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		both)				
2	Adult Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100
3	Professionalism, Ethics and Professional Values	25	2 5		2	50
	Practical					
4	Adult Health Nursing II	50		50		100
v SEN	IESTER		•		•	

S.No Cours Assessment (Marks) e . End End Tota Interna Hour Semester Semester 1 S l College University mar exam Exam ks Theory 1 Child Health Nursing I *25 2 Mental Health Nursing I *25 3 Community Health Nursing I 25 75 3 100 including Environmental Science & Epidemiology Educational 25 75 3 4 100 Technology/Nursing Education 5 Introduction to Forensic 25 2 2 50 Nursing and Indian Laws 5 **Practical** Child Health Nursing I *25 6 7 Mental Health Nursing I *25 50 8 Community Health Nursing I 50 100

*Will be added to the internal marks of Child Health Nursing II and Mental Health Nursing II in both theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains same).

VI SEMESTER

S.No	Cours e	Assessment (Marks)				
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hour s	Tota l mar ks
	Theory					

1	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	25	75	3	100
		Sem V- 25			
		&			
		Sem VI-			
		25			
		(with			
		average			
		ofboth)			
2	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	25	75	3	100
		Sem V-			
		25			
		&			
		Sem VI-			
		25			
		(with			
		average			
		ofboth)			

3	Nursing Management &	25	75	3	100
	Leadership				
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics &	*25			
	Gynecology I				
	Practical				
5	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	50	50		100
		(Sem V-			
		25			
		&			
		Sem VI-			
		25)			
6	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	50	50		100
		(Sem V-			
		25			
		&			
		Sem VI-			
		25)			1
7	Midwifery/Obstetrics &	*25			
	Gynecology I				

*Will be added to Internal marks of Midwifery II theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

VII SEMESTER

S.No	Cours e	Assessment (Marks)					
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hour s	Tota l mar ks	
	Theory						
1	Community Health Nursing II	25		75	3	10 0	
2	Nursing Research & Statistics	25		75	3	10 0	
2	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology(OBG) Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem VI- 25 & Sem VII- 25 (with average ofboth)		75	3	10 0	
	Practical						
3	Community Health Nursing II	50		50		10 0	

	Q			1
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and	50	50	10
	Gynecology(OBG) Nursing (I & II)	(Sem VI- 25 & Sem VII- 25)		0

VIII SEMESTER

S.No	Cours e		Assessment (Marks)			
		Interna l	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hour s	Tota l mar ks
	Practical					
1	Competency Assessment	100		10 0		200

I. ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

1. Grading of Performance

Based on the performance, each student shall be awarded a final grade at the end of the semester for each course.

Absolute grading is used by converting the marks to grade, based on

predetermined class intervals. UGC 10 point grading system is used with pass

grade modified.

Letter grade	Grade point	Percentage of marks
O (Outstanding)	10	100%
A+ (Excellent)	9	90-99.99%
A (Very Good)	8	80-89.99%
B+ (Good)	7	70-79.99%
B (Above Average)	6	60-69.99%
C (Average)	5	50-59.99%
P (Pass)	4	40-49.99%
F (Fail)	0	

For Nursing Courses and all other courses – Pass is at C Grade (5 grade

point) 50% and aboveFor English and electives - Pass is at P Grade (4

grade point) 40% and above

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

SPGA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all courses by the student during the semester(All courses excluding English and electives)

Ex. SGPA Computation

Course Number	Credit /s	Letter grade	Grade point	Credit point (Credit × grade)
1	3 (C1)	А	8 (G1)	$3 \times 8 = 24$
2	4 (C2)	B+	7 (G2)	$4 \times 7 = 28$
3	3 (C3)	В	6 (G3)	3 × 6 = 18

 $SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3}{C1 + C2 + C3}$

 $=\frac{70}{10}=7$ (rounded off to two decimal points)

Computation of CGPA

CGPA is calculated with SGPA of all semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade in markcard/transcript showing grades of all 8 semesters and their courses/subjects.

CGPA reflects the failed status in case of fail till the course/s are passed.

Semester I	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4
Credit –			
CrCr: 20	Cr: 22	Cr: 25	Cr: 26
SGPA: 6.5	SGPA: 7.0	SGPA: 5.5	SGPA: 6.0
$Cr \times SGPA = 20 \times 6.5$			

$$CGPA = \frac{20 \times 6.5 + 22 \times 7 + 25 \times 5.5 + 26 \times 6}{93}$$

$$=\frac{577.5}{93}=6.2$$

Transcript Format

Based on the above recommendation on letter grades, grade points, SPGA and CGPA, the transcript shall be issued for each semester with a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.

Declaration of Pass

First Class with Distinction – CGPA of 7.5 and aboveFirst Class – CGPA of 6.00-7.49 Second Class – CGPA of 5.00-5.99

2. Internal Assessment and Guidelines

The marks distribution of internal assessment is shown in Appendix 1 and the specific guidelines in Appendix 2.

3. University Theory and Practical Examination Pattern

The theory question paper pattern and practical exam pattern are shown in Appendix 3.

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

SUBJECT TITLE: ENGLISH	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
SUBJECT CODE:101 SEMESTER : FIRST	-	40	-	2
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2				

Internal Assessment: 25 End Term Exam: 25 Duration of Exam; 2 Hrs

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COURSE OUTLINE

Т-	- Theory
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Uni t	Tim	Learni ng	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	e (Hr	Outcom es		Activities	Method s
	s)				
Ι	3 (T)	Identify the significance of communicat iveEnglish	 Communication What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals? 	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/ communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	 Checking for understand ingthrough tasks
Π	5 (T)	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development suchas pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	 Introduction to LSRGW L – Listening: Different types of listening S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R – Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar 	 Exercises on listening to news, announcemen ts, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech – Consonant, Vowel,Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ glossaryof medical terms 	• Through _check your understandi ng' exercises

	with matching exercises	
	• Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions	

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
III	5 (T)	Demonstrate attentive listeningin different hypothetical situations	 Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/lectures Listening to presentation 	 Listening to announcement s, news, documentaries withtasks based on listening With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities 	 Checking individuall y against correct answers Listening for specific informati on Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video andidentify key points

IV	9 (T) Converse	Speaking – Effective Conversation	• Different	Individual
IV	9 (T) Converse effectively appropriate and timely within the given conte and the individual team they a communica g with eithe face to face other mean	 Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations 	 Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentat ion technique s Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professional s Classroo m conversat ion Scenario based learning tasks 	 Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation n of situation in emergency androutine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nur ses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communicati on Speaking individuall y (Nurse to nurse/patie nt/doctor) and to others in the group Telepho nic
V	5 (T) Read,	Reading	Detailed tasks	talking • Reading/
v	interpret ar comprehen content in text, flow sheet, framework figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	 d Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items 	 Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis 	 Reading/ summarizing/ justifying answersorally Patient document Doctor's prescriptio n ofcare Journal/news

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
VI	s)	Enhance expressions through writing skills	 Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar Writing Skills Writing patient history Note taking Summarising Anecdotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing Report writing Paper writing skills Abstract writing 	 Grammar activities Writing tasks withfocus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter writing tasks 	reading and interpretat ion Notes/Reports Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentatio n of situation Documentatio n Report writing Paper writing skills Verbatim reproduci ng Letter writing
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	 LSRW Skills Critical thinking strategies for listening andreading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW 	 Valuating different options/multip le answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration – individually and ingroups Group Discussion 	Resume/CV Consolidated assessment orallyand through written tasks/exercise s

 Ň			
		• Presentation	
		• Role Play	
		• Writing reports	

APPLIED ANATOMY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

SUBJECT TITLE: Applied	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
Anatomy SUBJECT CODE:105	-	60	-	3
SEMESTER : FIRST				
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3				
	I	nternal Assess	ment: 25(Appli	ied Anatomy a

Applied Physiology)

Internal Assessment: 25(Applied Anatomy and

End Term Exam: 75 **Duration of Exam; 2 Hrs**

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teachi ng/ Learni ng Activiti es	Assessm ent Method s
I	8 (T)	Define the terms relative to the anatomical position	 Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and plantar 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Use of models 	QuizMCQShort answer
		Describe the anatomical planes Define and describe the terms used to describe movements	 Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane) Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction 	 Video demonstrat ion Use of microsco picslides Lecture cum Discussio 	
		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands Describe the types of cartilage	 Cell structure, Cell division Tissue – definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands – classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth 	n • Video/Slides • Anatomi calTorso	

		Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	• Application and implication in nursing		
Π	6 (T)	Describe the structure of respiratory system	The Respiratory systemStructure of the organs of respiration	 Lecture cum Discussio n 	 Short answer Objective type
		Identify the musclesof respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing 	ModelsVideo/Slides	

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teachi ng/ Learni ng Activiti es	Assessm ent Method s
III	6 (T)	Describe the structure of digestive system	 The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Video/Slides Anatomi calTorso 	 Short answer Objective type
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	 The Circulatory and Lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries Nerve and blood supply to heart Lymphatic tissue Veins used for IV injections Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Models Video/Slides 	 Short answer MCQ
V	4 (T)	Identify the major endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	 The Endocrine system Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands 	 Lecture Models/chart s 	 Short answer Objective type
VI	4 (T)	Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The Sensory organs Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with Video/ models/ch arts 	Short answerMCQ

[भाग III— ्

VII	10	Describe	The Musculoskeletal system:	Review	• Short answer
V II	(T)	anatomical position and structure of bones and joints	The Skeletal system	– discussi on	 Objective type
		bones and joints Identify major bones that make up the axial and appendicular skeleton Classify the joints Identify the application and implication s innursing	 Anatomical positions Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification Axial and appendicular skeleton 	 Lecture Discussions Explain using charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso Identifyin g muscles involved in nursing procedure s inlab 	
		Describe the structure of muscle			

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teachi ng/ Learni ng Activiti es	Assessm ent Method s
		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 The Muscular system Types and structure of muscles Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursingprocedures 		
VII I	5 (T)	Describe the structure of renal system	 The Renal system Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra Application and implication in 	 Lecture Models/chart s 	MCQShort answer
IX		Describe the structure of reproductive system	nursing The Reproductive system • Structure of male reproductive organs • Structure of female reproductive organs • Structure of breast	 Lecture Models/chart s 	MCQShort answer
X	6 (T)	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the ventricular system	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular system – formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	 MCQ Short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation

and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

separately)

Applied Physiology

SUBJECT TITLE: Applied Physiology SUBJECT CODE:PHYS110 SEMESTER : FIRST CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	60	-	3

Internal Assessment: 25(Applied Anatomy and

Applied Physiology)

End Term Exam: 75 Duration of Exam; 2 Hrs

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	4	Describe the physiology of cell,tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology – Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue – formation, repair Membranes and glands – functions Application and implication in 	 Review discussi on Lecture cum Discussio n Video demonstrati ons 	• Quiz • MCQ • Short answer
Π		Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	nursingRespiratory system• Functions of respiratory organs• Physiology of respiration• Pulmonary circulation – functional features• Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases• Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide,Exchange of gases in tissue• Regulation of respiration• Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodicbreathing• Respiratory changes during exercise• Application and implication in nursing	 Lecture Video slides 	 Essay Short answer MCQ

[भाग 1]	I— (भगरत का र ा ाजपः :		251
III	8 (T)	Describe the functions of	Digestive systemFunctions of the organs of digestive	• Lecture cum	EssayShort answer
		digestive system	tract	Discussio n	• MCQ
			• Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva	• Video slides	
			• Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion		
		• Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion			
			• Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas		
			• Composition of bile and function		
			• Secretion and function of small and large intestine		
			• Movements of alimentary tract		
			• Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food		
			• Application and implications in nursing		
IV	6	Explain the	Circulatory and Lymphatic system	• Lecture	• Short answer
	(T) function the	functions of the	• Functions of heart, conduction system,		

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		heart, and physiology of circulation	 cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac output Blood pressure and Pulse Circulation – principles, factors influencingblood pressure, pulse Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic circulation Heart rate – regulation of heart rate Normal value and variations Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise and posture Application and implication in nursing 	 Discussion Video/Slides 	• MCQ
V	5 (T)	Describe the composition and functions of blood	 Blood Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics Formation of blood cells Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC lifecycle WBC – types, functions Platelets – Function and production of platelets Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, plateletplug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation Blood groups and types Functions of reticuloendothelial system, immunity Application in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Videos 	 Essay Short answer MCQ

252			THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY [[PART III—SEC.4]	
VI	5	Identify the	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	• Short answer	
	(T)	major endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. Other hormones 	• Explain using charts	• MCQ	
			• Alterations in disease			
			• Application and implication in nursing			
VII	4	Describe	The Sensory Organs	• Lecture	Short answer	
	(T)	the structure of various sensory organs	 Functions of skin Vision, hearing, taste and smell Errors of refraction, aging changes Application and implications in nursing 	• Video	• MCQ	
VIII	6	Describe	Musculoskeletal system	• Lecture	• Structured	
	(T)	the			essay	
		functions of				

253	3
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Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		bones, joints, various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them	 Bones – Functions, movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing Joints and joint movements Alteration of joint disease Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles Application and implication in nursing 	 Discussion Video presentation 	Short answerMCQ
IX	4 (T)	Describe the physiology ofrenal system	 Renal system Functions of kidney in maintaininghomeostasis GFR Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra Micturition Regulation of renal function Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Charts and models 	Short answerMCQ
X	4 (T)	Describe the structure of reproduct ive system	 The Reproductive system Female reproductive system – Menstrualcycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen Application and implication in providingnursing care 	 Lecture Explain using charts, models, specimens 	Short answerMCQ

_[भाग I]	[I— ≬		भारत का र ा ाजपा :		253
XI	8 (T)	Describe the functions of brain, physiologyof nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves	 Nervous system Overview of nervous system Review of types, structure and functions of neurons Nerve impulse Review functions of Brain- Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum, Cerebellum Sensory and Motor Nervous system Peripheral Nervous system Autonomic Nervous system Limbic system and higher mental Functions-Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothalamus Vestibular apparatus Functions of cranial nerves Autonomic functions Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Video slides 	 Brief structured essays Short answer MCQ Critical reflecti on

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Reflexes CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier Application and implication in nursing 		

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation

and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

separately)

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

SUBJECT TITLE: Applied Sociology SUBJECT CODE:SOCI 115 SEMESTER : FIRST CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3

Applied Psychology)

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	60	-	3
	00		

Internal Assessment: 25(Applied Sociology and

End Term Exam: 75 Duration of Exam; 2 Hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teachi ng/ Learni ng Activiti es	Assessm ent Method s
Ι		Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	 Introduction Definition, nature and scope of sociology Significance of sociology in nursing 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answer

254	-	,	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINAR	Y	[PART III—SEC.4]
II	15 (T)	Describe the individualizat ion, Groups, processes of Socialization, socialchange and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individual and society Personal disorganization Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes – definition and forms, Co-operation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change – nature, process, and role ofnurse 	Lecture cum Discussio n	 Essay Short answer Objective type

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teachi ng/ Learni ng Activiti es	Assessm ent Method s
			 Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure 		
III	8 (T)	Describe culture andits impact on health and disease	 in nursingprofession Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization Culture and socialization Transcultural society Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease 	 Lecture Panel discussi on 	• Essay • Short answer
IV	8 (T)	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	 Family and Marriage Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family on health andhealth practices 	• Lecture	 Essay Short answer Case study report
V	8 (T)	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	 Social stratification Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system – origin and characteristics Positive and negative impact of caste in society. Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race – concept, criteria of racial classification 	 Lecture Panel discussi on 	 Essay Short answer Objective type

[भाग]]	I— ≬		भगरत कग रंााजपः :		255
			• Influence of class, caste and race system onhealth.		
VI	15 (T)	Explain social organization, disorganization , social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 Social organization and disorganization Social organization – meaning, elements and types Voluntary associations Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control 	 Lecture Group discussi on Observatio nalvisit 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Visit report

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teachi ng/ Learni ng Activiti es	Assessm ent Method s
			• Social norms, moral and values		
			• Social disorganization – definition, causes,Control and planning		
			• Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19		
			• Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group.		
			• Fundamental rights of individual, women and children		
			• Role of nurse in reducing social problem andenhance coping		
			• Social welfare programs in India		
VII	5	Explain	Clinical sociology	• Lecture,	• Essay
	(T)	clinical sociology and	• Introduction to clinical sociology	• Group	• Short answer
		its application in the hospital	• Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused	discussi on	
		and community	• Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention	• Role play	

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

SUBJECT TITLE: Applied Psychology SUBJECT CODE:PSYC 120 SEMESTER : FIRST CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3

Applied Psychology)

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	60	-	3

Internal Assessment: 25(Applied Sociology and

End Term Exam: 75 Duration of Exam; 2 Hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
I	2 (T)	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve 	• Lecture cum Discussio n	EssayShort answer
Π	4 (T)	Describe biology of human behaviour	 everydayissues Biological basis of behavior – Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behaviour Inheritance of behaviour Brain and behaviour. Psychology and sensation – sensory process – normal and abnormal 	 Lecture Discussion 	EssayShort answer
III	5 (T)	Describe mentally healthy person and defense mechanisms	 Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene 	 Lecture Case discussion Role play 	 Essay Short answer Objective type

			• Dealing with ego		
IV	7 (T)	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	 Developmental psychology Physical, psychosocial and cognitive development across life span – Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adolescence, early andmid-adulthood, late adulthood, death anddying Role of nurse in supporting normal growth and development across the life span Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness – Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and older adult Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of 	 Lecture Group discussion 	 Essay Short answer

Uni t	Tim e (Hr	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	s)				
			 children Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable 		
V	4 (T)	Explain	groups Personality	Lecture	 Essay and
•		personalityand	• Meaning, definition of personality	Discussion	shortanswer
		role of nurse in identification	Classification of personality	Demonstration	 Objective
		and improvement in altered personality	 Measurement and evaluation of personality Introduction 		type
		personanty	 Alteration in personality 		
			 Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality 		
VI		Explain	Cognitive process	• Lecture	• Essay and
	(T)	cognitive process and their	• Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention	 Discussion 	shortanswerObjective type
		applications	• Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception,		
			• Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mentaldeficiencies		
			• Learning – Definition of learning, types oflearning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation		
			• Memory -meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting		
			 Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving. 		

258		THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY		ARY	[PART III—SEC.4]	
			• Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability			
			• Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction			
			• Alteration in cognitive processes			
VII	6 (T)	Describe motivation,	Motivation and emotional processes	• Lecture	• Essay and shortanswe	
		emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client	 Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives 	Group discussion	• Objective type	
			• Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other			
			• Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping			

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 	-	
VII I	4 (T)	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	 Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in psychological assessment 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Short answer Assessmen t of practice
IX	10 (T)	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in workplace and society	 Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies toovercome barriers Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc. Use of soft skill in nursing 	 Lecture Group discussion Role play Refer/Comple te Soft skills module 	• Essay and shortanswer

X	 -	Self-empowerment	• Lecture	• Short answer
	empowerm	 Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development	• Discussion	• Objective type
		 Importance of women's empowerment insociety 		
		 Professional etiquette and personal grooming 		
		• Role of nurse in empowering others		

NURSING FOUNDATION - I (including First Aid module)

SUBJECT TITLE: Nursing Foundation 1 SUBJECT CODE:N-NF(I)125 SEMESTER : FIRST CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:5

Clinical (C)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
2	120	2	6

Internal Assessment: 25(Nursing Foundation 1) Internal Assessment -25 (Practical)

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, SL – Skill Lab

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	5 (T)		 Introduction to health and illness Concept of Health – Definitions (WHO),Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs Health – Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developingillnesses Illness – Types, illness behavior Impact of illness on patient and family 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay Short answer Objecti vetype

260		THE	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINA	RY [PA	ART III—SEC.4]	
II	5 (T)	Describe the levels of illness prevention and care, health care	Health Care Delivery Systems – Introduction of Basic Concepts & Meanings	 Lecture Discussion	EssayShort answer	
		services		 Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary(Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary 		• Objecti vetype
			 Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary 			
			• Types of health care agencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities			
			• Hospitals – Types, Organization and			

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			Functions		
			 Health care teams in hospitals – members and their role 		
III	12 (T)	Trace the history of Nursing	 History of Nursing and Nursing as aprofession History of Nursing, History of 	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion	 Essay Short answers
		Explain the concept, nature	Nursing in IndiaContributions of Florence Nightingale	• Role plays	 Objecti vetype
		and scope of nursing Describe values, code of ethics and	 Nursing – Definition – Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel 		
		professional conduct for nursesin India	 Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession 		
			 Values – Introduction – meaning and importance 		
			 Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction 		
IV	8 (T)	Describe the process,	Patient Relationship	 Lecture Discussion	EssayShort
	3 (SL)	principles, and types of communication	 Communication – Levels, Elements andProcess, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication 	• Role play and	answerObjecti vetype
		Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional	• Methods of effective communication/thera peutic communication techniques	n	
		communication	• Barriers to effective communication/non-therapeutic communication techniques		
		Communicate effectively	Professional communication		
		with patients, their families and team	 Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases 		
		members	Communicating effectively		

[비미 III-	— (भगरत का र ा जपः :		261
			with patient, families and team members		
			• Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)		
V	4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting	 Documentation and Reporting Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	 Essay Short answer Objecti vetype
		Maintain records and reports accurately	 Types of Client records/Common Record-keeping forms Methods/Systems of documentation/Rec ording 		verype

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			Guidelines for documentation		
			 Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legalguidelines for Documentation/Recording 		
			 Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports 		
VI	15	Describe	Vital signs	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T)	principles and techniques of	 Guidelines for taking vital signs 	 Discussion 	• Short
	20 (S	monitoring and	• Body temperature –	• Demonstratio	answer
	(J L)	maintaining	• Definition, Physiology,	n &Re- demonstratio	 Objecti vetype
		vital signs	Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature	n	• Document the given
			 Assessment of body temperature – sites, equipment and technique 		values of temperatur e, pulse,
			 Temperature alterations – Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia 		and respiration in the graphic
			 Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		sheet • OSCE
			 Nursing Management 		
			$_{\circ}$ Hot and Cold applications		
			• Pulse:		
		Assess and	 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
		record vital signs accurately	 Assessment of pulse – sites, equipmentand technique 		
			 Alterations in pulse 		
			• Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		
			• Assessment of respirations –		
			technique • Arterial Oxygen saturation		
			 Alterations in respiration 		
			• Blood pressure:		
			• Definition, Physiology and	1	

_[भाग III	(भारत का र ा जपा :	263
			4时代 西门河畔: Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP • Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment • Alterations in Blood Pressure • Documenting Vital Signs	
VII	3	Maintain	Equipment and Linen	
	(T)	equipmentand linen	 Types – Disposables and reusable Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture 	
			 Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory 	

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s	
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	10	Describe the		• Lecture	- Eccay
	10 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the basic principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	Introduction to Infection Control in Clinical setting Infection Nature of infection Chain of infection Types of infection Stages of infection Factors increasing susceptibility to infection Body defenses against	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Observation of autoclaving and other sterilization techniques Video presentation on 	 Essay Short answer Objecti vetype
			 infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection) 	presentation on medical & surgical asepsis	
			Introductory concept of Asepsis –Medical& Surgicalasepsis		
			Precautions		
			Hand Hygiene		
			• (Hand washing and use of hand Rub)		
			• Use of Personal Protective Equipment(PPE)		
			 Standard precautions 		
			Biomedical Waste management		
			 Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards – Introduction 		

_[भाग III	— Q		भ ारत क ा र ा जपा :		263
IX	15	Identify and	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T) 15 (S L)	meet the comfort needs of the patients	 Comfort Factors Influencing Comfort Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making Therapeutic positions Comfort devices Sleep and Rest Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Pain (Discomfort) Physiology Common cause of pain Types Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales 	 Discussion Demonstratio n & Re- demonstratio n 	 Short answer Objecti vetype OSCE

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures – Use of narcotics, TENS devices, PCA 		~
			 Invasive techniques of painmanagement 		
			 Any other newer measures 		
			 CAM (Complementary & Alternativehealing Modalities) 		
X	5	Describe the	Promoting Safety in	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T)	concept of patient		 Discussion 	Short answerObjecti vetype
	1 I I	environment	 Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control 	• Demonstration	
			 Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents 		
			Fall Risk Assessment		
			 Role of nurse in providing safe and cleanenvironment 		
			 Safety devices – 		
			 Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines 		
			 Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grabbars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		

XI	6	Explain and	Hospital Admission and	• Lecture	• Essay
XI	6 (T) 2 (SL)	Explain and perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	 Hospital Admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objecti vetype
XII	8	Demonstrate	• Care of the unit after discharge Mobility and Immobility	Lecture	• Essay
	(T) 10 (SL)	skill incaring for patients with restricted mobility	 Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement 	 Discussion Demonstration & 	Short answerObjective

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s	
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भ**ारत क**ा र**ा**ाजप :

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			 Principles of body mechanics 	Re-	type
			 Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity 	demonstration	• OSCE
			• Exercise – Types and benefits		
			• Effects of Immobility		
			 Maintenance of normal Body Alignmentand Activity 		
			• Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility		
			 Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method 		
			• Range of motion exercises		
			• Muscle strengthening exercises		
			 Maintaining body alignment – positions 		
			• Moving		
			◦ Lifting		
			• Transferring		
			• Walking		
			• Assisting clients with ambulation		
			 Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach 		
			• Care of patients with casts and splints		
XII	4	Describe the	Patient education	 Discussion 	• Essay
Ι	(T) 2	principles and practice of patient	 Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process 	• Role plays	• Short answer
	(SL)	education	 Integrating nursing process in patient teaching 		• Objecti vetype
XI	20	Explain and	First Aid*	• Lecture	• Essay
V	(T) 20	applyprinciples of FirstAid	 Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules 	DiscussionDemonstratio	• Short answer
	(S	during emergencies	First Aid Management	n &Re-	 Objecti
	L)		• Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock	demonstratio	vetype
			• Musculoskeletal Injuries –	n	• OSCE
			Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries	• Module completion	
			• Transportation of Injured	-	
			persons	 National Disaster 	
			 Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR 	Management	
			 Unconsciousness 	Authority (NDMA)	
			 Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach 	/ Indian Red CrossSociety	

_[भाग III— ्		265
 Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & Stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies 	(IRCS) First Aid module	

*Mandatory module

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical Practicum: 2 Credits (160 hours), 10 weeks × 16 hours per week

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 7. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 8. Provide safe and clean environment
- 9. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 10. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles
- 12. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies.

SKILL LAB

Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competenc ies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/Standardized patient
3.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	Videos/Mannequin
4.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
5.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
6.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
7.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
8.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
9.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
10.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
11.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/Standardized patient
12.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/wheel chair	Mannequin/Standardized patient
13.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching	Role Play

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General

Medical/Surgical Wards10 weeks \times 16

hours/week = 160 Hours

Clinic al Unit	Duratio n (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessme nt Method s
Gener al Medic al/ Surgic al wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image) Communicate effectively with patient, families andteam members	Communication and Nursepatient relationship • Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship • Documentation and Reporting • Documenting patient care and procedures • Verbal report • Written report		• OSCE
		Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting			

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	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs	 Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet 	patients with alterations in vital signs-	• Assessmen t ofclinical skills using checklist
		Care for patients withaltered vital signs	 Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) 	1	• OSCE
		Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and	 Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration 		
		use of PPE	 Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, TepidSponging Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical settings 		
			Hand hygieneUse of PPE		
	3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Comfort, Rest & Sleep		 Assessmen t ofclinical skills using checklist OSCE
			 Bed making- Open Closed Occupied Post-operative 		

Clinic al Unit	Duratio n (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessme nt Method s
			• Cardiac bed		
			 Fracture bed 		
			 Comfort devices 		
			○ Pillows		
			• Over bed table/cardiac table		
			○ Back rest		
			o Bed Cradle		
			• Therapeutic Positions		
			○ Supine		
			○ Fowlers (low, semi, high)		
			○ Lateral		
			○ Prone		
			o Sim's		
			o Trendelenburg		
			 Dorsal recumbent 		
			○ Lithotomy		
			○ Knee chest		
			Pain		
			• Pain assessment and provision forcomfort		
			Promoting Safety in Health CareEnvironment		
			• Care of Patient's Unit		
		Provide safe and clean	• Use of Safety devices:	• Fall risk	
		environment	○ Side Rails	assessmen	
			• Restraints (Physical)	t-1	
			• Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment		
		Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education		Assessmen t ofclinical skills using checklist
		patient	Hospital Admission and discharge		• OSCE
			Perform & Document:		
	2		Admission		
			• Transfer		

		Planned Discharge		
	Demonstrate	Mobility and Immobility	• Individ	• Assessmen
	skill incaring for patients	• Range of Motion Exercises	ual teachin	t ofclinical skills using
	with restricted mobility	Assist patient in:	g-1	checklist
	moonity	• Moving		• OSCE

Clinic al Unit	Duratio n (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessme nt Method s
		Plan and provide appropriate health teaching followingthe principles	 Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher) 		
			Patient education		

भारत का र**ा**ाजपा :

1	Demonstrate	First aid and Emergencies	• Module	• Assessmen
	skills in assessing and	 Bandaging Techniques 	completion National	t of clinical skills using
	performing First	 Basic Bandages: 	Disaster	checklist
	Aidduring	 Circular 	Manageme	• OSCE (first
	emergencies	 Spiral 	nt Authority	aid competenci
		 Reverse-Spiral 	(NDMA)	es)
		 Recurrent 	First Aid module (To	
		 Figure of Eight 	complete it	
		 Special Bandages: 	in clinicals if not	
		 Caplin 	completed	
		 Eye/Ear Bandage 	during lab)	
		 Jaw Bandage 		
		 Shoulder Spica 		
		 Thumb spica 		
		 Triangular Bandage/ Sling(Head & limbs) 		
		 Binders 		

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

SUBJECT TITLE: Applied Biochemistry SUBJECT CODE:BIOC 135 SEMESTER : Second CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3

Clinical (C)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	40	-	2

Internal Assessment: 25 End term theory -75

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hr	Learni ng Outcom	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method
	s)	es			S
Ι	8 (T)	Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates andits alterations	 Carbohydrates Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders Regulation of blood glucose Diabetes Mellitus – type 1 and type 2, symptoms, complications & managementin brief Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus OGTT – Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT HbA1c (Only definition) Hypoglycemia – Definition & causes 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Explain using charts and slides Demonstratio n of laboratory tests 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
Π	8 (T)	Explain the metabolis m oflipids and its alterations	 Lipids Fatty acids – Definition, classification Definition & Clinical significance of MUFA & PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids Digestion, absorption & metabolism of lipids & related disorders Compounds formed from cholesterol Ketone bodies (name, types & significance only) Lipoproteins – types & functions (metabolism not required) Lipid profile Atherosclerosis (in brief) 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Explain using charts and slides Demonstratio n of laboratory tests 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer

			Ľ	WI III DEC.+]
III	 9 Explain the metabolism of amino acids and proteins Identify alterations in disease conditions 	 Proteins Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples Digestion, absorption & metabolism of protein & related disorders Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids(only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolism – only aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein – types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinemia, hyper-gamma globinemia Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Explain using charts, models and slides 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			brief)		
IV	4 (T)	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	 Clinical Enzymology Isoenzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases – ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction – CK, cardiactroponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases – CK, Aldolase Bone diseases – ALP 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Explain using charts and slides 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
V	3 (T)	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	 Prostate cancer – PSA, ACP Acid base maintenance pH – definition, normal value Regulation of blood pH – blood buffer, respiratory & renal ABG – normal values Acid base disorders – types, definition & causes 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Explain using charts and slides 	 Short answer Very short answer
VI	2 (T)	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	 Heme catabolism Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & bloodinvestigations (van den berg test) 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Explain using charts and slides 	 Short answer Very short answer
VII	3 (T)	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) • Renal • Liver • Thyroid	 Lecture cum Discussio n Visit to Lab Explain using charts and slides 	 Short answer Very short answer
VII I	3 (T)	Illustrate the immunochemi stry	 Immunochemistry Structure & functions of immunoglobulin Investigations & interpretation – ELISA 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Explain using charts 	 Short answer Very short answer

	and slides	
	• Demonstratio	
	n of	
	laboratory	
	tests	

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately).

APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

Lab (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
15	60	-	3

SUBJECT TITLE: Applied Biochemistry SUBJECT CODE:NUTR 140 SEMESTER : Second CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3

> Internal Assessment: 25 End term theory -75

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of theprinciples of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

$\mathbf{T}-\mathbf{Theory}$

Uni t	e (Hr	Learni ng Outcom	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method
Ι	(Hr s) 2 (T)	es	Introduction to Nutrition Concepts • Definition of Nutrition & Health • Malnutrition – Under Nutrition • Mole of Nutrition in maintaining health • Factors affecting food and nutrition Nutrients • Classification • Macro & Micronutrients • Organic & Inorganic	Activities Lecture cum Discussio n Charts/Slides 	Method s • Essay • Short answer • Very short answer
II	3 (T)	Describe the classification,	 Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding <i>Food</i> Classification – Food groups Origin Carbohydrates Composition – Starches, 	• Lecture cum	• Essay • Short
		functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates Explain BMR	 Composition – Starches, sugar and cellulose Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) Dietary sources Functions Energy Unit of energy – Kcal 	Discussio n • Charts/Slides • Models • Display of fooditems	 Short answer Very short answer

		and factors affecting BMR	 Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR 		
III	3 (T)	Describe the classificati on, Functions, sources	ProteinsComposition	 Lecture cum Discussio n Charts/Slides 	 Essay Short answer Very short

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
IV	2 (T)	and RDA of proteins. Describe the classificati on,	 Eight essential amino acids Functions Dietary sources Protein requirements – RDA Fats Classification – Saturated & unsaturated Calorie value 	 Models Display of fooditems Lecture cum Discussio n 	 answer Essay Short answer Very
	2 (T)	Functions, sources and RDA of fats	 Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements – RDA 	 Charts/Slides Models Display of fooditems 	short answer
V	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	 Vitamins Classification – fat soluble & watersoluble Fat soluble – Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble – Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements – RDA of every 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Charts/Slides Models Display of fooditems 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
VI	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	vitamin Minerals • Classification – Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium and magnesium) and Traceelements • Functions • Dietary Sources • Requirements – RDA	 Lecture cum Discussio n Charts/Slides Models Display of fooditems 	 Short answer Very short answer

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VII		Describe and plan balanced diet for different age groups, pregnancy, and lactation	 Balanced diet Definition, principles, steps Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups RDA – Definition, limitations, 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Meal planning Lab session on 	 Short answer Very short answer
			 uses Food Exchange System Calculation of nutritive value of foods Dietary fibre Nutrition across life cycle Meal planning/Menu planning –Definition, principles, steps Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) guidelines – breast feeding, infant foods Diet plan for different age groups – 	 Preparation of balanced diet for different categories Low cost nutritious dishes 	

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Children, adolescents and elderly Diet in pregnancy – nutritional requirements and balanced diet plan 		
			• Anemia in pregnancy – diagnosis, diet foranemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid supplementation and counseling		
			 Nutrition in lactation – nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers, complementary feeding/ weaning 		
VII I	6 (T)	Classify and describe the common nutritional deficiency disorders and identify nurses' role in assessment, management and prevention	 Nutritional deficiency disorders Protein energy malnutrition – magnitude of the problem, causes, classification, signs & symptoms, Severe acute malnutrition (SAM), management & prevention and nurses' role Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A, B, C & D deficiency disorders –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodine and calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Charts/Slides Models 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
IX	4 (T) 7 (L)	Principles of diets in various diseases	 prevention and nurses' role Therapeutic diets Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal diseases, 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Meal planning Lab session on preparation of 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer

274		T	HE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	ARY [PART III—SEC.4]
			Hepatic disorders Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post- operative period	therapeutic diets	
X	3 (T)	Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients	 Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act(PFA) Food standards 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Charts/Slides 	 Essay Short answer Very short answer

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
XI	4 (T)	Explain the methods of nutritional assessment and nutrition education	 Nutrition assessment and nutrition education Objectives of nutritional assessment Methods of assessment – clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method Nutrition education – purposes, 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Demonstration Writing nutritional assessment report 	 Essay Short answer Evaluatio n of Nutritiona l assessmen t report
ХП	3 (T)	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	 principles and methods National Nutritional Programs and roleof nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programs – Vitamin A Supplementation, Anemia Mukt BharatProgram, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation(WIFS) and others as introduced Role of nurse in every program 	• Lecture cum Discussio n	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
XII I	2 (T)	Discuss the importance of foodhygiene and food safety Explain the Actsrelated to food safety	 Kole of hurse in every program Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food Food storage, food handling and cooking General principles of food storage of fooditems (ex. milk, meat) Role of food handlers in food borne diseases Essential steps in safe cooking 	• Guided reading on related acts	• Quiz • Short answer

<u>[भिाग III— ्</u>	भारत का र ा ाजपा :	275
	practices	

Food born diseases and food poisoning are dealt in Community Health Nursing I.

NURSING FOUNDATION - II (including Health Assessment Module)

SUBJECT TITLE: NURSING FOUNDATION - II (including Health Assessment Module SUBJECT CODE:N-NF 125 SEMESTER : Second CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3

Clinical (C)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
4	120	-	4+3

Internal Assessment: 25 End term theory -75 **DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required toprovide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, SL – Skill Lab

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	20 (T) 20 (S L)	Describe the purpose and process of health assessment and perform assessment under supervised clinical practice	 Health Assessment Interview techniques Observation techniques Purposes of health assessment Process of Health assessment Health history Physical examination: Methods: Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for examination: patient and unit General assessment Assessment of each body system Documenting health assessmentfindings 	 Modular Learning *Health Assessment Module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objecti vetype OSCE
II	13 (T) 8 (SL)	Describe assessment, planning, implementation andevaluation of nursing care using Nursing process	 The Nursing Process Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing Nursing Process Overview 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Supervised Clinical Practice 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Evaluatio n ofcare plan

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		approach	• Assessment		
			 Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods 		
			 Organizing Data 		
			 Validating Data 		
			 Documenting Data 		
			• Nursing Diagnosis		
			 Identification of client problems, risks and strengths 		
			 Nursing diagnosis statement – parts, Types, Formulating, Guidelines for formulating Nursing Diagnosis 		
			 NANDA approved diagnoses 		
			 Difference between medical andnursing diagnosis 		
			o Planning		
			 Types of planning 		
			 Establishing Priorities 		
			 Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes – Purposes, types, guidelines, Components of goals and outcome statements 		
			 Types of Nursing Interventions, Selecting interventions: Protocols and Standing Orders 		
			 Introduction to Nursing Intervention Classification and Nursing Outcome Classification 		
			 Guidelines for writing care plan 		
			 Implementation 		

<u>[भःग II</u>	I— į		भारत का र ा ाजपाः :		277
			 Process of Implementing the planof care 		
			 Types of care – Direct and Indirect 		
			\circ Evaluation		
			 Evaluation Process, Documentation and Reporting 		
		T1			
III	5 (T)	Identify and meetthe	Nutritional needs	Lecture	• Essay
	5	Nutritional	• Importance	Discussion	Short answer
	5 (SL)	needs of patients	• Factors affecting nutritional needs	 Demonstration Exercise	• Objective
			• Assessment of nutritional status	• Supervised Clinical	type • Evaluatio
			• <i>Review:</i> special diets – Solid, Liquid,Soft	practice	n of nutritional assessment
			• <i>Review</i> on therapeutic diets		& diet
			• Care of patient with Dysphagia,		planning

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
IV	5 (T) 15 (SL)	Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients	 Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric Introduction to other enteral feeds – types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy Parenteral – TPN (Total Parenteral Nutrition) Hygiene Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care Care of the Skin – (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care) Care of pressure points Assessment of Pressure Ulcers usingBraden Scale and Norton Scale Pressure ulcers – causes, stages andmanifestations, care and prevention Perineal care/Meatal care Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eye glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearingaid) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE

278		TH	E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	JAF	RY [PAI	RT III—SEC.4]
V	10	Identify and	Elimination needs	•	Lecture	•	Essay
	(T)	meetthe elimination	Urinary Elimination	•	Discussion	•	Short
	10 (S	needs of	• Review of Physiology	•	Demonstratio	n	answer
	(S L)	patient	of UrineElimination, Composition and			•	Objective
	,		characteristics of urine				type
			 Factors Influencing Urination 			•	OSCE
			 Alteration in Urinary Elimination 				
			 Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations 				
			• Providing urinal/bed pan				
			• Care of patients with				
			Condom drainage				
			Intermittent Catheterization	L			
			 Indwelling Urinary catheter andurinary drainage 				
			Urinary diversions				
			Bladder irrigation				

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	2)		Bowel Elimination		
			 Review of Physiology of BowelElimination, Composition and characteristics of feces 		
			 Factors affecting Bowel elimination 		
			 Alteration in Bowel Elimination 		
			 Facilitating bowel elimination: Assessment, equipment, procedures 		
			 Enemas 		
			 Suppository 		
			 Bowel wash 		
			 Digital Evacuation of impacted feces 		
			 Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel Diversion Procedures) 		
VI	3	Explain	Diagnostic testing	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T) 4 (SL)	various types of specimens and identify normal values of tests	• Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications	DiscussionDemonstration	Short answerObjective type
		01 10515	• Complete Blood Count		
		Develop skill	• Serum Electrolytes		
		Develop skill in specimen	o LFT		
		collection, handling and	 Lipid/Lipoprotein profile Serum Glucose – AC, PC, HbA1c 		
		transport	 Monitoring Capillary Blood Glucose (Glucometer Random Blood Sugar – GRBS) 		
			 Stool Routine Examination 		
			 Urine Testing – Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity 		
			 Urine Culture, Routine, TimedUrine Specimen 		
			• Sputum culture		
			• Overview of		

[भाग II	I <u> </u>		भारत का र ा ाजपा :		279
			Radiologic & Endoscopic Procedures		
VII	11 (T) 10 (S L)	Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	 Oxygenation needs Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology Factors affecting respiratory functioning Alterations in Respiratory Functioning Conditions affecting Airway Movement of air 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n & Re- demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			• Diffusion		
			• Oxygen transport		
			• Alterations in oxygenation		
			• Nursing interventions to promoteoxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure		
			• Maintenance of patent airway		
			• Oxygen administration		
			• Suctioning – oral, tracheal		
			 Chest physiotherapy – Percussion, Vibration & Posturaldrainage 		
			 Care of Chest drainage – principles & purposes 		
			 Pulse Oximetry – Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation 		
			• Restorative & continuing care		
			• Hydration		
			• Humidification		
			• Coughing techniques		
			• Breathing exercises		
			• Incentive spirometry		

280		TH	<u>E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN</u>	IAF	RY	PA	RT III—SEC.4]
VII I	5 (T)	Describe the concept of	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – BaseBalances	•	Lecture	•	Essay
	10 (SL)	fluid, electrolyte balance	• Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances	•	Discussion Demonstratio	n •	Short answer Objective type
			• Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances			•	Proble m solving –
			• Disturbances in fluid volume:				calculati
			• Deficit				ons
			Hypovolemia				
			 Dehydration 				
			• Excess				
			 Fluid overload 				
			 Edema 				
			• Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper)				
			• Acid-base imbalances				
			 Metabolic – acidosis & alkalosis 				
			 Respiratory – acidosis & alkalosis 				
			• Intravenous therapy				

281	

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Peripheral venipuncture sites 		
			 Types of IV fluids 		
			 Calculation for making IV fluidplan 		
			 Complications of IV fluid therapy 		
			 Measuring fluid intake and output 		
			 Administering Blood and Blood components 		
			 Restricting fluid intake 		
			 Enhancing Fluid intake 		

<u>[भाग III-</u>	— Q		भारत का र ा ाजपा :		281
IX	20 (T)	Explain the	Administration of Medications	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T) 22 (S L)	principles, routes,effects of administratio n of medications	Medication Administration of	demonstration	 Short answer Objective type OSCE
		medications	Purposes, Pharmacodynamics		• OSCE
			 ampoules, Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules Care of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles, 		

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			infusion sets		
			 Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries 		
			• Topical Administration: Types, purposes, site, equipment, procedure		
			 Application to skin & mucousmembrane 		
			 Direct application of liquids, Gargle and swabbing the throat 		
			 Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina 		
			 Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal 		
			 ○ Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginaland Rectal 		
			• Spraying: Nose and throat		
			• Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications) – purposes, types, equipment, procedure, recording and reporting of medications administered		
			• Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitoneal, intra-pleural, intra- arterial		

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	X	5 (T) 6	Provide care to patients with altered	Sensory needsIntroduction	•	Lecture Discussion	•	Essay Short answer
		(SL)	functioning of sense organs and unconsciousnes	 Components of sensory experience – Reception, Perception & Reaction Arousal Mechanism 	•	Demonstration	•	Objective type
			s in supervised clinical practice	 Factors affecting sensory function 				
				 Assessment of Sensory alterations – sensory deficit, deprivation, overload & sensory poverty 				
				• Management				
				 Promoting meaningful communication(patients with Aphasia, artificial airway & Visual and Hearing impairment) 				
				Care of Unconscious Patients				
				• Unconsciousness: Definition, causes &risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of Unconsciousness, Clinical Manifestations				
				• Assessment and nursing management of patient with unconsciousness, complications				

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Uni		Learning	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	e (Hr	Outcomes	nt	Learning Activities	ent Method
	s)				S

[भाग II	I— (भारत का र ा ाजपः :		283
XI	4 (T)	Explain loss,	Care of Terminally ill, death	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T)	deathand grief	and dying	 Discussion 	• Short
	6 (SL)		• Loss – Types	• Case	answer
	(SL)		Grief, Bereavement & Mourning	discussions Death 	 Objective type
			• Types of Grief responses	care/last	
			• Manifestations of Grief	office	
			 Factors influencing Loss & GriefResponses 		
			 Theories of Grief & Loss – KublerRoss 		
			• 5 Stages of Dying		
			• The R Process model (Rando's)		
			 Death – Definition, Meaning, Types(Brain & Circulatory Deaths) 		
			• Signs of Impending Death		
			• Dying patient's Bill of Rights		
			• Care of Dying Patient		
			Physiological changes occurring after Death		
			 Death Declaration, Certification 		
			• Autopsy		
			• Embalming		
			Last office/Death Care		
			Counseling & supporting grieving relatives		
			• Placing body in the Mortuary		
			• Releasing body from Mortuary		
			 Overview – Medico-legal Cases, Advance directives, DNI/DNR, OrganDonation, Euthanasia 		
			PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-		
XI	3 (T)	Develop	D) A. Self-concept	Lecture	• Essay
I	- (+)	basic	 Introduction 	 Discussion 	Short
		understandin g ofself-	Components (Personal	 Demonstration 	answer
		concept	Identity, BodyImage, Role Performance, Self Esteem)	 Case Discussion/ 	• Objective type
			• Factors affecting Self Concept	Role play	

भारत का र**ा**ाजप :

		283
•	Essay	

_[भःग III-	— Q		भारत का र ा ाजप :		283
T	2 (Ť)	Describe sexual development andsexuality	 B. Sexuality Sexual development throughout life Sexual health Sexual orientation Factors affecting sexuality 	LectureDiscussion	 Essay Short answer Objecti vetype

Uni	Tim	Learning	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	e (Hr	Outcomes	nt	Learning Activities	ent Method
XIV	<u>s)</u> 2	Describe stress	 Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior C. Stress and 	Lecture	• Essay
	(T) 4 (SL)	andadaptation	 Adaptation – Introductory concepts Introduction Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of Stress Types of stressors Stress Adaptation – General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS) Manifestation of stress – Physical & psychological Coping strategies/ Mechanisms Stress Management Assist with coping and adaptation Creating therapeutic 	• Discussion	 Short answer Objecti vetype
			 Creating therapeutic environment Recreational and diversion therapies 		

284		TH	E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	AR	RY	P/	ART III—SEC.4]
XV	6 (T)	Explain culture	D. Concepts of Cultural	•	Lecture	•	• Essay
		andcultural norms	Diversity and Spirituality	•	Discussion	ſ	• Short
		Integrate cultural differences and spiritual	Cultural diversity				answer
			 Cultural Concepts – Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation 				 Objecti vetype
		needs in	 Transcultural Nursing 				
		providing	 Cultural Competence 				
		care to patients under	 Providing Culturally Responsive Care 				
		supervision	• Spirituality				
			 Concepts – Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing 				
			\circ Factors affecting Spirituality				
			 Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience 				
			 Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problem s 				
XVI	6 (T)	Explain the	Nursing Theories: Introduction	•	Lecture		• Essay
		significance of nursing theories	• Meaning &Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories – Nightingale, Orem, Roy	•	Discussion	'	Short answerObjecti vetype
			• Use of theories in nursing practice				

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACT|**ICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 2. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 3. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 4. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 7. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values
- 8. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 9. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 10. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 11. Care for terminally ill and dying patients

SKILL LAB

Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competenc ies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Health Assessment	Standardized Patient
2.	Nutritional Assessment	Standardized Patient
3.	Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care	Mannequin
4.	Nasogastric tube feeding	Trainer/ Simulator
5.	Providing bed pan & urinal	Mannequin
6.	Catheter care	Catheterization Trainer
7.	Bowel wash, enema, insertion of suppository	Simulator/ Mannequin
8.	Oxygen administration – face mask, venturemask, nasal prongs	Mannequin
9.	Administration of medication throughParenteral route – IM, SC, ID, IV	IM injection trainer, ID injection trainer, IV arm (Trainer)
10.	Last Office	Mannequin

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General

Medical/Surgical Wards (16 weeks \times 20 hours

per week = 320 hours)

Clinic al Unit	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessment Methods
Gener al Medic al/ Surgic al wards	3	Perform health assessment of eachbody system	 Health Assessment Nursing/Health history taking Perform physical examination: General 	 Histor y Taking -2 Physical examination -2 	 Assessmen t ofclinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinic al Unit	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessment Methods
			 o Body systems Use various methods of physical examination – Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Identification of system wise deviations Documentation of findings 		
	1	Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	 The Nursing Process Prepare Nursing care plan forthe patient based on the given case scenario 	 Nursin g process - 1 	• Evaluation of Nursing process with criteria
	2	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients	Nutritional needs, Elimination needs& Diagnostic testing Nutritional needsNutritional needs• Nutritional Assessment• Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed• Nasogastric tube feeding	 Nutritional Assessment andClinical Presentation - 1 	 Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients	 Hygiene Care of Skin & Hair: Sponge Bath/ Bed bath Care of pressure points & back massage Pressure sore risk assessmentusing Braden/Norton scale Hair wash Pediculosis treatment Oral Hygiene 	 Pressure sore assessment – 1 	

286		THE GAZET	TE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINAL	RY []	PART III—SEC.4]
			Perineal HygieneCatheter care		
	2	Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.	 Elimination needs Providing Urinal Bedpan Insertion of Suppository Enema Urinary Catheter care Care of urinary drainage Diagnostic testing	 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Constipation – 1 Lab values – inter- pretation 	 Assessmen t of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinic

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s)

Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessment Methods
	Specimen Collection		
Perform	• Urine routine and culture		
simple labtests and analyze &	o Stool routine		
interpret	\circ Sputum Culture		
common diagnostic values	• Perform simple Lab Testsusing reagent strips		
	 Urine – Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity 		
	 Blood – GRBS Monitoring 		
Identify patients withimpaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill	Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances		 Assessmen t ofclinical skills using checklist
in caring for patients with	Oxygenation needs		• OSCE
impaired oxygenation	• Oxygen administration methods		
	 Nasal Prongs 		
	 Face Mask/Venturi Mask 		
	• Steam inhalation		
	Chest Physiotherapy		
	• Deep Breathing & CoughingExercises		 Assessmen t of clinical skills using
Identify and	Oral Suctioning		checklist
demonstrate skill in caring for	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid –Base Balances		• OSCE
patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid – base	 Maintaining intake output chart 		
imbalances	• Identify & report complications of IV therapy		

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	3	Explain the	& BloodComponent therapy Administration of	• Assessmen
		principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and	 Medications Calculate Drug Dosages Preparation of lotions & solutions Administer Medications Oral Topic 	t ofclinical skills using checklist • OSCE
		dosages within and between systems of Measurements Administer	al o Inhalation so Parentera	
		Administer drugs by the following routes- Oral, Intradermal,	l • Intradermal • Subcutaneous	

Clinic al Unit	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessment Methods
		Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation	 -Intramuscular Instillations Eye, Ear, Nose – instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations 		
	2	Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness Care for terminally ill and dying patients	 Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale Terminally ill, death and dying Death Care 	• Nursing rounds on care of patient withaltered sensorium	 Assessmen t ofclinical skills using checklist OSCE Assessmen t ofclinical skills using checklist

HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

SUBJECT TITLE: Health/Nursing Informatics \$Technology SUBJECT CODE:HNIT 145 SEMESTER : Second CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	40	-	2

Internal Assessment: 25 End term theory -25

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliverefficient informatics-led health care services.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, P/L – Lab

Uni t	Tim e						Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	-	Hr)			Activities	Method s				
	T	P/ L				-				
I	10	15	Describe the importance of computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	 Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursingpractice Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice 	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician 	 (T) Short answer Objective type Visit reports Assessmen t of assignment s 				
			Demonstrate the useof computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	 Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system 	• Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems	 (P) Assessmen t ofskills using checklist 				
Π	4	5	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	 Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics – needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health 	 Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type questions Assessmen t ofreport 				

III	3	5	Describe the	Information	• Lecture	(T)
			concepts of information systemin health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	 Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System(CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS) 	 Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system 	EssayShort answerObjective type
IV	4	4	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latesttrend in electronic health records standards and interoperabilit y	 Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type(P) Assessmen t ofskills using checklist

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)		Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s	
	T	P/ L	•				
					Prepare a report on current EHR standardsin Indian setting		
V	3		Describe the advantages and limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	 Patient Safety & Clinical Risk Relationship between patientsafety and informatics Function and application of therisk management process 	LectureDiscussion	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type	
VI	3	6	Explain the importance of knowledge manageme nt Describe the standardized languages used inhealth informatics	 Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge managementin improving decision- making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system. 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type 	
VII	3		Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	 <u>eHealth: Patients</u> <u>and theInternet</u> Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Practical exam 	

290			THE	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAG	ORDINARY	[PART III—SEC.4]
VIII	3	5	Describe the functions of nursing information system Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization	 Using Information in Healthcare Management Components of Nursing Information system(NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare datato inform decisions in the management of health- care organizations 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration on simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type
IX	4		Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics Explains the ethical and legal issues	Information Law & Governancein ClinicalPractice• Ethical-legal issues pertaining tohealthcare information in contemporary clinical practice• Ethical-legal issues related to	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role play 	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)		Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	Т	P/ L				
			related to nursing informatics	digital health applied to nursing		
X	3		Explain the relevance of evidence- based practices in providing quality healthcare	Healthcare Quality & EvidenceBased Practice • Use of scientific evidence inimproving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards	LectureDiscussionCase study	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice.
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement.
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care.
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data.
- •

Develop skill in conducting literature review.

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 hours) (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

SUBJECT TITLE:Applied Microbiology SUBJECT CODE:HNIT 145 SEMESTER : Second CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	40	20	3

Internal Assessment: 25

End term theory -75

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, L/E – Lab/Experiential Learning

Uni t		me [rs)	Learni ng	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	Т	Р	Outcom es		Activities	Method s
Ι	3		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology andits importance in nursing	 Introduction: Importance and relevance to nursing Historical perspective Concepts and terminology Principles of microbiology 	 Lecture cum Discussio n 	 Short answer Objecti vetype
II	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorgani sms	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining – simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special –capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria 		 Short answer Objecti vetype

292			THE GA	ZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINA	RY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
III	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	 Pathogenic organisms Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli –gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & Vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producingmicro-organisms 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Demonstration Experiential learning through visual 	 Short answer Objecti vetype
IV	3	4 (L/E)	Explain the concepts of	Immunity	• Lecture	Short answerObjective

Uni t	me rs) P	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunizatio n	 Immunity: Types, classification Antigen and antibody reaction Hypersensitivity reactions Serological tests Immunoglobulins: Structure, types & properties Vaccines: Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization for various diseases Immunization Schedule 	 Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage Clinical practice 	type • Visit report

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

SUBJECT TITLE:Infection Control \$ Safety	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
SUBJECT CODE:MICR 201 SEMESTER : Third	-	40	20	3
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2			Terdor	nol Aggoggmon

Internal Assessment: 25 End term theory -75

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, L/E – Lab/Experiential Learning

Uni t	Tiı (H	-	Learni ng	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	T	Р	Outcom		Activities	Method
			es			S
I	2	2 (E)	the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention	 HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Prevention of 	& Discussi on	 Knowled ge assessm ent MCQ Short answer
			of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare	 Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Prevention of Ventilator 		

Uni t	Tiı (H		Learni ng	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
·	T	P	Outcom es		Activities	Method s
			setting	Associated events (VAE)		
				- Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI)		
				• Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee		
II	3	4 (L)	appropriate useof	Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	 Lecture Demonstratio n & Re- demonstratio 	• Performa nce assessme nt
			different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	• Types of isolation system, standardprecaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect)	n	• OSCE
				 Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines 		
			_	• Effective use of PPE		
III	1	2 (L)	Demonstrate thehand hygiene practice and	Hand HygieneTypes of Hand hygiene.Hand washing and use of	 Lecture Demonstration & Re- demonstration 	Performa nce assessme nt
			its	alcoholhand rub	demonstratio n	
			effectiveness oninfection	• Moments of Hand Hygiene		
			control	 WHO hand hygiene promotion 		
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates	Disinfection and sterilization	• Lecture	• Short answer
			disinfection and	 Definitions 	• Discussion	• Objective type
			sterilization in the healthcare	 Types of disinfection and sterilization 	• Experiential learning throughvisit	
			setting	 Environment cleaning 		
				 Equipment Cleaning 		
				 Guides on use of disinfectants 		
				 Spaulding's principle 		

294			THE C	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORD	INARY	[PART III—SEC.4]
V	1		Illustrate on what, when, how, why specimens are collected to optimize the diagnosis for treatment and manageme nt.	 Specimen Collection (Review) Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens Collection techniques and special considerations Appropriate containers Transportation of the sample Staff precautions in handling specimens 	• Discussion	 Knowled ge evaluati on Quiz Performa nce assessme nt Checklist
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on BioMedical waste managemen t &laundry managemen t	BMW (Bio Medical WasteManagement) <i>Laundry management</i> <i>process and infection</i> <i>control and prevention</i>	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through 	 Knowledg Knowledg assessment byshort answers, objective type Performance

Uni t	Tin (H T	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Waste management process and infection prevention Staff precautions Laundry management Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segregation of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation 	visit	assessment
VII	2	Explain in detailabout Antibiotic stewardship, AMR Describe MRSA/ MDRO and its preventi on	 Antibiotic stewardship Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship Anti-Microbial Resistance Prevention of MRSA, MDRO inhealthcare setting 	 Lecture Discussion Written assignment –Recent AMR (Antimicro bial resistance) guidelines 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t of assignment

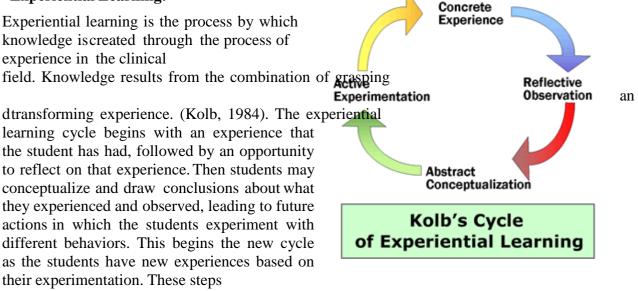
[비미 II	I— (भारत का र ा ाजपा :		295
VII I	3	5 (L/E)	patientsafety	 Patient Safety Indicators Care of Vulnerable patients 	LectureDemonstration	• Knowled ge
I		(L/E)	indicators followed in a health care	 Care of Vulnerable patients Prevention of Iatrogenic injury Care of lines, drains and tubing's Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical Blood & blood transfusion policy Prevention of IV Complication Prevention of Fall Prevention of DVT Shifting and transporting of patients Surgical safety Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration Prevention of communication errors 	 Demonstration Experient ial learning 	ge assessm ent • Performa nce assessme nt • Checklist/ OSCE
				• Prevention of HAI		
				 Documentation 		
			Captures and analyzes incidents andevents for quality improvem ent	 Incidents and adverse Events Capturing of incidents RCA (Root Cause Analysis) CAPA (Corrective and Preventive Action) Report writing 	• Lecture	 Knowled ge assessm ent Short answer

Uni t	Tiı (H	-	Learni ng	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	Τ	Р	Outcom es		Activities	Method s
					• Role play	• Objective type
					 Inquiry Based Learning 	
IX	1		Enumerate		• Lecture	• Objective type
			IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	 safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alertmedication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system 	• Role play	

296			THE C	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORD	INARY	[PART III—SEC.4]
X	2	3	Enumerate	Safety protocol	• Lecture	Mock drills
		(L/E)	the various safety protocols and its applications	 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine,Standardize, Sustain) Radiation safety 	 Demonstrat ion/ Experiential learning 	Post testsChecklist
			11	• Laser safety		
				• Fire safety		
				- Types and classification of fire		
				- Fire alarms		
				- Firefighting equipment		
				 HAZMAT (Hazardous Materials)safety 		
				- Types of spill		
				- Spillage management		
				 MSDS (Material Safety DataSheets) 		
				 Environmental safety 		
				- Risk assessment		
				- Aspect impact analysis		
				 Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise) 		
				- Audits		
				Emergency Codes		
				Role of Nurse in times of disaster		
XI	2		Explain importance of employee safety	 Employee Safety Indicators Vaccination Needle stick injuries (NSI) 	LectureDiscussion	• Knowledg e assessment byshort answers,

Uni t	Tiı (H		Learni ng	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	Т	Р	Outcom		Activities	Method
			es			S
			indicators	prevention	• Lecture method	objective type
				• Fall prevention	 Journal review 	• Short answer
				 Radiation safety 		
				Annual health check		
			Identify risk of occupationa l hazards, prevention andpost exposure prophylaxis	 Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure Occupational health ordinance Vaccination program for healthcare staff 		
				• Needle stick injuries and prevention and post exposure prophylaxis		

*Experiential Learning:



may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As

rthe need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they mayrequire a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors. pe

PHARMACOLOGY - I

SUBJECT TITLE:Pharmacology SUBJECT CODE:PHAR 205 SEMESTER : Third CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	20	-	1

Internal Assessment: 25

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	3 (T)	Describe Pharmacodynami cs, Pharmacokinetics, Classification, principles of administration of drugs	 Introduction to Pharmacology Definitions & Branches Nature & Sources of drugs Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration Terminology used Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures <i>Pharmacodynamics:</i> Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance <i>Pharmacokinetics:</i> Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion Review: Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization Factors affecting dose, route etc. Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs Rational Use of Drugs Principles of Therapeutics 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Guided reading and written assignment on schedule K drugs 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t of assignment s
Π	1 (T)	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant & nurse's responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants Antiseptics and Disinfectants Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type

298	TH	E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	JARY []	PART III—SEC.4]
		adverseeffects, toxicity and role of nurse		
III	2 (T) Describe drugs actingon gastro- intestinal system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on G.I. system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Emetics and Antiemetics Laxatives and Purgatives Antacids and antipeptic ulcer drugs Anti-diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
IV	2 (T)	Describe drugs acting on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on respiratory system Pharmacology of commonly used Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) Decongestants Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics Broncho- constrictors and Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type
V		Describe drugs used oncardio- vascular system& nurse's responsibilities	role of nurse Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders • Haematinics, & treatment of anemia and antiadrenergics • Cholinergic and anticholinergic • Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators • Antianginals • Antiarrhythmics • Antiinypertensives • Coagulants & Anticoagulants • Antiplatelets & thrombolytics • Hypolipidemics • Plasma expanders & treatment of shock • Drugs used to treat blood disorders • Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type

			role of nurse		
VI	2 (T)	Describe the drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	 Drugs used in treatment of endocrinesystem disorders Insulin & oral hypoglycemics Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs Steroids Corticosteroids Anabolic steroids Calcitonin, parathormone, vitamin D3, calcium metabolism Calcium calta 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type
			• Calcium salts		

Uni t	Tim e	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning	Assessm ent
	(Hrs			Activities	Method s
VII) 1 (T)		Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system	• Lecture cum Discussio n	 Short answer Objective type
			 Antihistaminics and antipruritics Topical applications for skin- Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver 	• Drug study/ presentati on	
			Sulphadiazine (burns)		
			• Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse		
VII I	5 (T)	(T) Explain drug therapy/ chemotherapy of specific	Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (commoninfections, infestations)	 Lecture cum Discussio n 	Short answerObjective type
		infections & infestations & nurse's	 General Principles for use of Antimicrobials 	• Drug study/	
		responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: 	presentati on	
			 Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials 		
			 Anaerobic infections 		
			• Antitubercular drugs,		
			 Antileprosy drugs 		
			 Antimalarials 		
			 Antiretroviral drugs 		
			 Antiviral agents 		
			 Antihelminthics, Antiscabies agents 		
			 Antifungal agents 		
			 Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, 		

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	contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	

PATHOLOGY - I

SUBJECT TITLE: Pathology SUBJECT CODE:PATH 210	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
SEMESTER : Third	-	20	-	1
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2				

Internal Assessment: 25

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni	Tim	Learni	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	e	ng	nt	Learning	ent
	(Hrs	Outcom		Activities	Method
)	es			S

[भाग]	II— (भारत का र ा ाजपा :		301
Ι	8 (T)	Define the	Introduction	• Lecture	• Short answer
		common termsused	• Importance of the study of pathology	• Discussion	 Objective
		in pathology	 Definition of terms in pathology 	• Explain using	type
			• Cell injury: Etiology, pathogenesis of reversible and irreversible cell injury, Necrosis, Gangrene	slidesExplain with clinical	
		Identify the deviations fromnormal to abnormal	 Cellular adaptations: Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia, Apoptosis 	scenarios	
		structure	• Inflammation:		
		and functions of body system	 Acute inflammation (Vascular and Cellularevents, systemic effects of acute inflammation) 		
			 Chronic inflammation (Granulomatous inflammation, systemic effects of chronic inflammation) 		
			Wound healing		
			• Neoplasia: Nomenclature, Normal and Cancer cell, Benign and malignant tumors, Carcinomain situ, Tumor metastasis: general mechanism, routes of spread and examples of each route		
			 Circulatory disturbances: Thrombosis, embolism, shock 		
			 Disturbance of body fluids and electrolytes: Edema, Transudates and Exudates 		
II	5 (T)	Explain	Special Pathology	• Lecture	• Short answer
		pathologi cal changes in disease conditions of various systems	Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems:	 Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays 	• Objective type
			1. Respiratory system	andscans Visit to 	
			 Pulmonary infections: Pneumonia, Lungabscess, pulmonary tuberculosis 	• V1sit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT	
			 Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease: Chronic bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial Asthma, Bronchiectasis 		
			Tumors of Lungs		
			2. Cardio-vascular system		
			• Atherosclerosis		
			• Ischemia and Infarction.		
			Rheumatic Heart Disease		

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	,		• Infective endocarditis		
			3. Gastrointestinal tract		
			• Peptic ulcer disease (Gastric and Duodenalulcer)		
			Gastritis-H Pylori infection		
			Oral mucosa: Oral Leukoplakia, Squamouscell carcinoma		
			Esophageal cancer		
			Gastric cancer		
			• Intestinal: Typhoid ulcer, InflammatoryBowel Disease (Crohn's disease and Ulcerative colitis), Colorectal cancer		
			4. Liver, Gall Bladder and Pancreas		
			• Liver: Hepatitis, Amoebic Liver abscess, Cirrhosis of Liver		
			• Gall bladder: Cholecystitis.		
			Pancreas: Pancreatitis		
			• Tumors of liver, Gall bladder and Pancreas		
			5. Skeletal system		
			 Bone: Bone healing, Osteoporosis, Osteomyelitis, Tumors 		
			• Joints: Arthritis - Rheumatoid arthritis andOsteoarthritis		
			6. Endocrine system		
			• Diabetes Mellitus		
			• Goitre		
			Carcinoma thyroid		

502	7 Describe	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	· .	PART III—SEC.4]
	7 Describe (T) various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions	 Hematological tests for the diagnosis of blood disorders Blood tests: Hemoglobin, White cell and platelet counts, PCV, ESR Coagulation tests: Bleeding time (BT), Prothrombin time (PT), Activated Partial Prothrombin Time (APTT) Blood chemistry Blood bank: Blood grouping and cross matching Blood components Plasmapheresis Transfusion reactions Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately) 	 Lecture Discussion Visit to clinical lab, biochemistry lab and blood bank 	 Short answe Objective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including

BCLS module)

SUBJECT TITLE: Adult Health
Nursing -I
SUBJECT CODE:n-AHN(I) 215
SEMESTER : Third
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:4

Lecture	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
(L)			
-	140	-	7

Internal Assessment: 50 External exam -50 Duration Of The exam -3 hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursingprocess approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment,nursing management, and supportive/palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COURSE CONTENT

T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing processin caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound	 Introduction Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nursein medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing factors 	 Lecture cum discussio n Demonstratio n & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit 	 Short Answer OSCE

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		Develop competency in providing pre and postoperative care	 Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient pre-operative post-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders 		
ΙΙ	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse Describe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment Demonstrate skill in scrubbing procedures Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia	 Intraoperative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre Classification O.T Design Staffing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for common surgical procedures Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedures Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT Assisting in major and minoroperation, 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Demonstration, Practice session, and Case Discussion Visit to receivingbay 	 Caring for patient intra operative ly Submit a list of disinfectant s used for instruments with the action and precaution

304		THE G	AZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDI	NARY [I	PART III—SEC.4]
			 handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazardsin OT Anaesthesia – types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects 		
III	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances	Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management • Fluid and electrolyte imbalance	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Case discussion 	Short answerMCQCase report
		Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances	ShockPain		

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		Perform pain assessment and plansfor the nursing management			
IV	18 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications	 Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests 	 Lecture, discussion, Demonstration Practice session Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab 	EssayShort answerOSCE
	clinical manifestation diagnostic tes and medical, surgical, nutritional, an nursing	etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory	 Common respiratory problems: Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pleural effusion, Empyema Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Lung abscess Cyst and tumors Chest Injuries 		
		Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory illnesses	 Acute respiratory distress syndrome Pulmonary embolism Health behaviours to prevent respiratory illness 		

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_માગમ I	II— (भारत कें। र ा ाजपः :		305
V	16 (T) Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of gastrointestinal disorders	 Nursing Management of patients with disorders of digestive system Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system Nursing assessment – History and physical assessment GI investigations Common GI disorders: Oral cavity: lips, gums and teeth 	 Lecture, Discussion Demonstration, Role play Problem Based Learning Visit to stoma clinic 	 Short answer Quiz OSCE
	Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment	 GI: Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & Peritonitis 		
	Prepare patient for upper and lower gastrointestina l investigations	 Peptic & duodenal ulcer, Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas Pancreas: inflammation, cysts, and tumors 		
	Demonstrate skill in gastric decompression, gavage, and stoma care			

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		Demonstrate skill indifferent feeding techniques	 Liver: inflammation, cysts, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumors 		
		1	 Gall bladder: inflammation, Cholelithiasis, tumors 		
			• Gastric decompression, gavage andstoma care, different feeding techniques		
			• Alternative therapies, drugs used intreatment of disorders of digestive system		
VI	20 (1) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disorders Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment Prepare patient for invasive and non- invasive cardiac procedures	 Nursing Management of patients with cardiovascular problems Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Invasive & non-invasive cardiac procedures Disorders of vascular system- Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Coronary artery diseases: coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction Valvular disorders: congenital and acquired Rheumatic heart 	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education Drug Book/ presentati on Completio n of BCLS Module 	 Care plan Drug record BLS/ BCLS evaluatio n
		Demonstrate skill in monitoring and	disease: pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies 143		

306	THE C	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORD	NARY	[PART III—SEC.4]
	interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac disorders Complete BLS/BCLS module	 Cardiac dysrhythmias, heart block Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade Cardiopulmonary arrest 		
VII 7 (T) 3 (L)	atiology	 Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood Nursing assessment: history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests Anemia, Polycythemia Bleeding Disorders: clotting factor defects and platelets defects, 	 Field visit to bloodbank Counseling 	 Interpretation of blood reports Visit report

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		Prepare and provideshealth education on blood donation	agranulocytosis • Lymphomas, myelomas		
VII I	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provideshealth education on diabetic diet Demonstrate skill in insulin administration	 Nursing management of patients with disorders of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary(Hyper, Hypo, tumors) Diabetes mellitus 	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education 	 Prepare health education on self- administrat ion of insulin Submits a diabetic diet plan

<u>[भाग II</u>	I— (भारत का र ा ाजप		307
IX	<u>1 φ</u> 8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment	 Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Noninfectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary 	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion 	 Drug report Preparation of Home care plan
X	16 (T) 4 (L)	Prepare and provide health education on skin care Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders	 system Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiologyof the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment: History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain, 	 Lecture/ Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education 	 Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		Demonstrate skill in musculoskeleta l assessment	 contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumour 		
		Prepare patient for radiological and non- radiological	 Orthopedic modalities: Cast, splint, traction, crutch walking 		
		investigations of musculoskeletal system	 Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis 		
		Demonstrate	• Special therapies, alternative therapies		
		skill incrutch walking and splinting	 Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease 		
		Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries	 Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine 		
			 Rehabilitation, prosthesis Replacement surgeries		
		Prepare and provide health education on bone healing			

308	THE G	AZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDI	NARY [H	PART III—SEC.4]
XI	20 (T) Explain the 3 (L) etiology, pathophysiology, clinical	Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases • Overview of infectious	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session 	 Prepares and submits protocol on various
	manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of	 diseases, the infectious process Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests 	 Case Discussion/ seminar Health education Drug 	isolation techniques
	patients with communicable diseases	 Tuberculosis Diarrhoeal diseases, hepatitis A-E, Typhoid Herpes, chickenpox, 	Book/ presentati on • Refer TB	
	Demonstrate skill inbarrier and reverse	Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza • Meningitis	Control & Management module	
	barrier techniques	Gas gangreneLeprosy		
	Demonstrate skill in execution of different isolation protocols	 Dengue, Plague, Malaria, Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis COVID-19 		
		 Special infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization 		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 hours) - 18 weeks × 27 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital:
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
 - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients.
 - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy
- **B.** Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Gener al medic al	4	Develop skill in intravenous injection administration andIV therapy	 Intravenous therapy IV cannulation IV maintenance and monitoring Administration of IV medication 	presentation/	 Clinica evaluati on OSCE Care Study

Assist with diagnost ic procedur es	 Care of patient with Central line Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis 	note) – 1	evaluation • Care Note/ Clinical presentati on
Develop skill in the	Management patients with respiratoryproblems		
management ofpatients with Respiratory	 Administration of oxygen throughmask, nasal prongs, venturi mask 		
problems	• Pulse oximetry		
	 Nebulization 		
Develop skill	 Chest physiotherapy 		
in managing patients with	 Postural drainage 		
metabolic	Oropharyngeal suctioning		
abnormality	• Care of patient with chest drainage		
	• Diet Planning		
	 High Protein diet 		
	 Diabetic diet 		
	• Insulin administration		
	Monitoring GRBS		

II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care/ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding
- **B.** Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Gener al surgic al	4	Develop skill	 Pre-Operative care Immediate Post-operative care Post-operative exercise 	 Care study – 1 Health teaching 	~

THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY

310	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORD	RY [PART III—SEC.4]
wards	and post-operative period • Pain assessment • Pain Management • Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care o patients undergoing • Assist • Colonoscopy • ERCP • Endoscopy • Develop skill in managing patient with • Liver Biopsy	Care study Care note/ Clinical presentati on

Develop skill in wound managemen t	 Nasogastric aspiration Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy feeds Ileostomy/Colostomy care Surgical dressing Suture removal Surgical soak Sitz bath Care of drain 		
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III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- BLS/BCLS
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al	Durati on	Learni ng	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills	Clinical Requireme	Assessm ent
area/u	(Week	Outcom		nts	Method
nit	s)	es			S

[भाषा III— ्			भगरत का र ा ाजप :		311
Cardiolo	2	Develop skill	Cardiac monitoring	Cardiac	• Clinical
gywards		in management	 Recording and interpreting ECG 	assessment - 1	evaluati on
		of patients with cardiac problems	 Arterial blood gas analysis – interpretation 	• Drug presentation - 1	• Drug presentatio n
		Develop skill	 Administer cardiac drugs 		
		Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of			
		Blood	• CPR		
			 Collection of blood sample for: 		
			 Blood grouping/cross matching 		
			 Blood sugar 		
			• Serum electrolytes		
			 Assisting with blood transfusion 		
			 Assisting for bone marrow aspiration 		
			 Application of anti- embolismstockings (TED hose) 		
			 Application/maintenanc e of sequential Compression device 		

IV. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and

simulators Application of

topical medication

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Dermatol ogywards	1	Develop skill in managemen t of patients with disorders of integumenta ry system	 Intradermal injection-Skin allergytesting Application of topical medication Medicated bath 		• Clinical evaluati on

v. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Isolati on ward	1	Develop skill inthe management of patients requiring isolation	 Barrier Nursing Reverse barrier nursing Standard precautions (Universal precaution), use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices) 	• Care Note – 1	 Clinica evaluati on Care note

VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking
- **B.** Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Orthope dic wards	2	Develop skill in management ofpatients with musculoskel etal problems	 Preparation of patient with Myelogram/CT/MRI Assisting with application & removal of POP/Cast Preparation, assisting and aftercare of patient with Skin 	• Care Note – 1	 Clinical evaluati on, Care note

	traction/skeletal traction	
	Care of orthotics	
	Muscle strengthening exercises	
	Crutch walking	
	Rehabilitation	

VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Operati on theatre	4	Develop skill in caring for intraoperati ve patients	 Position and draping Preparation of operation table Set up of trolley with instrument Assisting in major and minoroperation Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Intra operative monitoring 	 Assist as circulatory nurse -4 Positionin g & draping - 5 Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries - 4 Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries - 4 	 Clinical evaluati on OSCE

PHARMACOLOG Y - II

including Fundamentals of Prescribing Module

SUBJECT TITLE: Adult Health Nursing -I SUBJECT CODE:n-AHN(I) 215 SEMESTER : Third CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:4

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	60	-	3

Internal Assessment: 25 External exam -75 Duration Of The exam -3 hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications. Further it develops understanding of fundamental principles of prescribing in students.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	4 (T)	Describe drugs used indisorders of ear, nose, throat and eye and nurses' responsibilities	 Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye Antihistamines Topical applications for eye (Chloramphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerin, boric spiritear drops), nose and buccal cavity- chlorhexidine mouthwash Composition, action, 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type
			dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
Π	4 (T)	Describe drugs actingon urinary system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used on urinary system Pharmacology of commonly useddrugs Renin angiotensin system Diuretics and antidiuretics Drugs toxic to kidney Urinary antiseptics Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type

[PART III—SEC.4]

Ш	10 (T)	Describe drugs used on nervous system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics: Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Kort answer Short answer Objective type
			 Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Antipsychotics Mood stabilizers

Unit Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
IV 5 (T)	Describe drugs used for hormonal disorder & supplementation, contraception & medical termination of pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities	 Antidepressants Antianxiety Drugs Anticonvulsants Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders & miscellaneous drugs Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy Estrogens and progesterones Oral contraceptives and hormonereplacement therapy Vaginal contraceptives Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy Uterine stimulants and relaxants Composition, actions dosage route indications contraindications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type

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V	3 (T)	Develop understanding about important drugs usedfor women before, during and after labour	 Drugs used for pregnant women duringantenatal, labour and postnatal period Tetanus prophylaxis Iron and Vit K1 supplementation Oxytocin, Misoprostol Ergometrine Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha Magnesium sulphate Calcium gluconate 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type
VI	10 (T)	Describe drugs used in deaddiction, emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementation, drugs used for immunization & immune- suppression & nurse's responsibilities	 Miscellaneous Drugs used for deaddiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine, hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone IV fluids & electrolytes replacement Common poisons, drugs used fortreatment of poisoning Activated charcoal 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Drug study/ presentati on 	 Short answer Objective type

Unit	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
VII	4 (T)	Demonstrate awareness of commondrugs	 Ipecac Antidotes, Anti-snake venom (ASV) Vitamins and minerals supplementation Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules) Anticancer drugs: Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine 	Lecture cum Discussio	 Short answer Objective
		used in alternative system of medicine	 Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani andSiddha etc. Drugs used for common ailments 	n • Observational visit	• Objective type
VIII	20 (T)	Demonstrate understanding about fundamental principles of prescribing	 Fundamental principles of prescribing Prescriptive role of nurse practitioners: Introduction Legal and ethical issues related toprescribing Principles of prescribing Steps of prescribing Prescribing competencies 	• Completio n of module on Fundament al principles of prescribing	 Short answer Assignme nts evaluatio n

PATHOLOGY - II AND GENETICS

SUBJECT TITLE:Pathology and Genetics SUBJECT CODE:Path 210 SEMESTER : Fourth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	20	-	1

Internal Assessment: 25 External exam -75 Duration Of The exam -3 hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	Tim e	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	(Hrs)			Activities	Method s
Ι	5 (T)	Explain	Special Pathology:	• Lecture	• Short answer
		pathological changes in disease conditions of	Pathological changes in diseaseconditions of selected systems	 Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays 	• Objective type
		varioussystems	1. Kidneys and Urinary tract	andscans	
			• Glomerulonephritis	• Visit to	
			• Pyelonephritis	pathology lab, endoscopy unit	
			Renal calculi	and OT	
			• Cystitis		
			Renal Cell Carcinoma		
			• Renal Failure (Acute and Chronic)		
			2. Male genital systems		
			Cryptorchidism		
			• Testicular atrophy		
			Prostatic hyperplasia		
			• Carcinoma penis and Prostate.		
			3. Female genital system		
			Carcinoma cervix		
			Carcinoma of endometrium		
			• Uterine fibroids		
			Vesicular mole and Choriocarcino ma		
			• Ovarian cyst and tumors		
			4. Breast		
			Fibrocystic changes		
			• Fibroadenoma		
			• Carcinoma of the Breast		
			5. Central nervous system		
			• Meningitis.		
			• Encephalitis		
			• Stroke		

				• Tumors of CNS		
]	I	5 (T)	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of bodycavity fluids, urine and faeces	 Clinical Pathology Examination of body cavity fluids: Methods of collection and examination of CSF and other body cavity fluids (sputum, wound discharge) specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry and microbiology tests 	 Lecture Discussion Visit to clinical laband biochemistry lab 	 Short answer Objective type

Unit	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Analysis of semen: 		
			 Sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance ininfertility 		
			• Urine:		
			 Physical characteristics, Analysis, Culture and Sensitivity 		
			• Faeces:		
			• Characteristics		
			 Stool examination: Occult blood, Ova, Parasite and Cyst, Reducing substance etc. 		
			 Methods and collection of urine and faeces for various tests 		

GENETICS

COURSE

OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	Tim e (Hrs)	Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	2 (T)	Explain nature, principles and perspective s ofheredity	 Introduction: Practical application of genetics innursing Impact of genetic condition on families Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes: sex determination Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides 	 Short answer Objective type

			 Multiple allots and blood groups Sex linked inheritance Mechanism of inheritance Errors in transmission (mutation) 		
Ш 2	ma pre ger inf dev def	aternal, enatal and netic fluences on velopment of fects and seases	 Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections Consanguinity atopy Prenatal nutrition and food allergies Maternal age 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides 	 Short answer Objective type

319

Unit	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			• Maternal drug therapy		
			• Prenatal testing and diagnosis		
			• Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals		
			• Infertility		
			 Spontaneous abortion 		
			• Neural Tube Defects and the role offolic acid in lowering the risks		
			• Down syndrome (Trisomy 21)		
III	2 (T)	screening	Genetic testing in the neonates and children	LectureDiscussion	Short answerObjective
		methods for genetic defects	• Screening for	• Explain using	type
		and diseases in	 Congenital abnormalities 	slides	
		neonates and	 Developmental delay 		
		children	 Dysmorphism 	_	
IV	2 (T)	Identify genetic disorders in	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults	 Lecture Discussion	 Short answer Objective type
		adolescents and adults	• Cancer genetics: Familial cancer	 Explain using slides 	
			• Inborn errors of metabolism	sildes	
			• Blood group alleles and hematological disorder		
			Genetic haemochromatosis		
			• Huntington's disease		
			• Mental illness		
V	2 (T)	Describe the	Services related to genetics	• Lecture	• Short answer
		role of nurse in genetic	• Genetic testing	• Discussion	• Objective
		services and	• Gene therapy		type
		counselling	• Genetic counseling		
			 Legal and Ethical issues 		
			• Role of nurse		

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

including Geriatric NursingAND PALLIATIVE CARE MODULE

SUBJECT TITLE:Adult Health Nursing II SUBJECT CODE:Path 210 SEMESTER : Fourth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	40	480	6+1

Internal Assessment: 25 External exam -75 Duration Of The exam -3 hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT disorders	 Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat (Includes etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management) Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests Ear External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies and tumors Middle ear: impacted wax, tympanic, membrane perforation, otitis media, and tumors Inner ear: Meniere's disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity tumors Upper respiratory airway infections: Rhinitis, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis Epistaxis, Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction Deafness and its management 	 Lecture and discussio n Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinic 	 MCQ Short answer Essay OSCE Assessmen t ofskill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book

Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Π	12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye Describe eye donation, banking and transplantation	Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye • Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye • History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders • Refractive errors • Eyelids: infection, deformities • Conjunctiva: inflammation and infection bleeding • Cornea: inflammation and infection • Lens: cataract • Glaucoma • Retinal detachment • Blindness • Eye donation, banking and transplantation	 Lecture and discussio n Demonstratio n of visual aids, lens, medication administratio n Visit to eye bank 	 MCQ Short Essay OSCE Drug book
III	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of Kidney and urinary system disorders Demonstrate skill in genitourinary assessment	 transplantation Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infections: acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra Disorders of prostate: inflammation, infection, 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Demonstration Case Discussion Health education Drug book Field visit – Visits hemodialysis unit 	 MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi

[भाग I]	I— (भगरत कग र ा ाजपा :		321
		Prepare patient for genitourinary investigations Prepare and	stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy		
		providehealth education on prevention of renal calculi			
IV	6 (T)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders	 Nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic tests Infections of testis, penis and adjacent structures: Phimosis, Epididymitis, and 	 Lecture, Discussion Case Discussion Health education 	• Short essay

Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			Orchitis Sexual dysfunction, 		
			 infertility, contraception Male Breast Disorders: gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes 		
V	10 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	 Nursing management of patient with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss Burns Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment Legal and ethical aspects Special therapies: LAD, vacuumeddressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation, use of derma filters 	 Lecture and discussio n Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations Visit to burn rehabilitation centers 	OSCE Short notes

322			GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	ARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
VI	16 (T)	Explain the	Nursing management of	• Lecture	• OSCE
	4	etiology,	patient with neurological	and	• Short notes
	(L/SL)	pathophysiology,	disorders	discussio	
		clinical manifestations, diagnostic	• Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system	n • Demonstration of	EssayDrug book
		measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	 History, physical and neurological assessment, diagnostic tests 	physiotherapy, neuro assessment, tracheostomy	
		disorders	 Headache, Head injuries 	care	
			 Spinal injuries: Paraplegia, Hemiplegia, Quadriplegia 	• Visit to rehabilitation center,long term care	
			 Spinal cord compression: herniation of in vertebral disc 	clinics, EEG, NCV study unit,	
			 Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms 	unit,	
			 Meningitis, encephalitis, brain, abscess, neuro- cysticercosis 		
			 Movement disorders: Chorea, Seizures & Epilepsies 		
			 Cerebrovascular disorders: CVA 		
			 Cranial, spinal neuropathies: Bell'spalsy, trigeminal neuralgia 		
			• Peripheral Neuropathies		
			• Degenerative diseases: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease		
			 Guillain-Barré syndrome, Myastheniagravis & Multiple sclerosis 		

323	

Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			Rehabilitation of patient with neurological deficit		
VII	12 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders Prepare and provideshealth education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation	 Nursing management of patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission and management of HIV/AIDS Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration and rehabilitation National AIDS Control Program –NACO, various national and international agencies for infection control 	 Lecture, discussion Case Discussion/ seminar Refer Module on HIV/AIDS 	
		Describe the national infection control programs			

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VII	12 (T)	Explain the	Nursing management of	• Lecture	• OSCE
Ι	4	etiology, pathophysiology,	patient with Oncological conditions	and discussio	• Essay
	(L/SL)	types, clinical manifestations,	• Structure and characteristics	n	 Quiz Drug book
	manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments	 of normal and cancer cells History, physically assessment, diagnostic tests Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment 	n of	• Counseli ng,health teaching	
			modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition	medicine unit	
			• Common malignancies of various body system eye, ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord.		
			Oncological emergencies		
			• Modalities of treatment: Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy: Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy		
			• Psychological aspects of cancer: anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger	• Completio	
			Supportive care	n of	
			Hospice care	palliative care	

prevention and management of disaster and the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergenciesDisaster Nursing price of disaster Nursingnns and studyDisaster NursingOcncept and principles of disasternursing, Related Policies• Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mockdrill) and triaging• Study• Disaster Preparedness: manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies• Disaster preparedness: Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources• Disaster protocols, equipment, extinguishers	Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgicalnursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies –Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Thermal emergenciesGroup presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care• Principles of emergency management • Medico legal aspects• Guided reading on National Disaster Management Attority (NDMA) guidelines	IX	4 (L/SL)	policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster and the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with	 patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disasternursing, Related Policies Types of disaster: Natural andmanmade Disaster preparedness: Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgicalnursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies –Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Thermal emergencies Principles of emergency management 	during clinical hours (20 hours) • Lecture and discussio n • Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mockdrill) and triaging • Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers • Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care • Refer Trauma care management/ ATCN module • Guided reading on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)	 OSCE Case presentatio ns and case

324	THE	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	ARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
X	10 (T) Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	 Nursing care of the elderly History and physical assessment Aging process and age- related bodychanges and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and non-formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearingaids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programs for elderly, privileges, community programs and health services Home and institutional care 	 Lecture and discussio n Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired Field visit to old agehomes 	 OSCE Case presentatio ns Assignmen t on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population
XI	15 (T) Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical careunits	 Nursing management of patients incritical Care units Principles of critical care nursing Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment and supplies 	 Lecture and discussio n Demonstration on the use of mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors etc. Clinical practice in 	 Objective type Short notes Case presentatio ns Assessmen t of skill on monitoring of

Uni t

XII

Time	Loomina	Conto	Too chir ~/	
	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
(Hrs)		***	Activities	Method
				S
		• Use and application of critical carebiomedical equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment and any other	different ICUs	 patients in ICU. Written assignment onethical and legal issues in
		 Advanced Cardiac Life support 		critical care
		 Nursing management of critically illpatient 		
		 Transitional care 		
		 Ethical and Legal Aspects 		
		 Breaking Bad News to Patients and/ortheir families: Communication with patient and family 		
		• End of life care		
	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/ industrial health	 Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests Occupational diseases and management 	 Lecture and discussio n Industrial visit 	• Assignmen t on industrial health hazards

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours) – 20 weeks ×

24 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult/geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency/disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

disorders

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment.

- c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
- d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
- e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
- f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle.
- g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
- h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.

- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
ENT Ward and OPD	2	Provide careto patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	 Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting andmonitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Auditory screening tests Audiometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/ posteriornasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication 	 ENT assessment -1 Case study/ Clinical presentation - 1 	 Clinical evaluati on OSCE Case report study/ Clinical presentati on

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage
- **B.** Clinical Postings

THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY

[PART III—SEC.4]

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Ophthalmol ogyunit	2	Develop skillin providing care to patients with Eye disorders Educate the patients and	 History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation Assisting procedures Visual acuity Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry, Refraction tests 	 Eye assessment – 1 Health teaching Case study/ Clinical Presentatio n– 1 	 Clinical evaluati on OSCE Clinical presentati on

1

amilies	 Pre and post-operative care Instillation of drops/ medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage 	
	• Assisting with foreign body removal	

III. Nursing Management of Patients with Kidney and Urinary System Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment: kidney & urinary system
- Preparation: dialysis
- Catheterization and care

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method
Renal ward/ nephrolog y ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skillin Managem entof patients with urinary, male reproducti ve problems	 Assessment of kidneyand urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies: IVP etc. Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests: Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsyetc. Catheterization: care Bladder irrigation I/O recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise 	 Assessment – 1 Drug presentation – 1 Care study/ Clinical presentation – 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialy sis 	 s Clinical evaluati on Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentatio n

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Burns unit/ reconstruct ive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	 Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post- operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and postcosmetic surgery Rehabilitation 	 burn wound assessment - 1 care study/case presentation - 1 	 Clinical evaluati on, Care study/ca sereport

v. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Neurolo	3	Develop	 History taking; 	•	 Clinical
gy-		skillin	Neurological	euro-	evaluati
medical/		Managem	Examination	assessment	on
Surge		entof patients	 Patient monitoring 		• Neuro
ry		with	• Prepare and assist for various	• Case study/	assessm
wards		Neurologi	invasive and non-invasive	case	ent
		cal	diagnostic procedures	presentation – 1	• OSCE
		problems	 Range of motion exercises, musclestrengthening 	• Drug	• Case report/

B. Clinical Po	ostings	• Care of medical, surgical and	presentation - 1	presentati ons
		rehabilitative patients		

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

Clinic al area/u	Durati on (week	Learni ng Outcom	Procedural Competencies/ ClinicalSkills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method
nit Isolati on ward/ Medic al ward	s) 1	es Develop skill inthe Managemen t of patients with immunologi cal disorders	 History taking Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests Caring of patients with low immunity Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/barrier nursing/reverse barrier/isolation skills 	 Assessmen t of immune status Teaching of isolation to patientand family care givers Nutrition al managem ent Care Note – 1 	 s Care note Quiz Health Teaching

B. Clinical Postings

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u	Durati on (week	Learni ng Outcom	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method
nit	s)	es			S

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B.OmmlaBSstings ³ wards (includin g day care radiothera pyunit)	Develop skillin providing care to patients with oncologic al disorders	 History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers: TNMclassification Preparation, assisting and after carepatients undergoing diagnostic procedures Biopsies/FNAC Pap smear Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Pain management Stoma therapy Gene therapy Alternative therapy Stoma care and feeding Caring of patients treated with nuclearmedicine Rehabilitation 	presentation - 1	 Clinical evaluati on Care study Quiz Drug book

VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment: primary and secondary survey
- Trauma care: bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u	Durati on (week	Learni ng Outcom	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method
nit Emergen cyroom/ Emergen cyunit	s) 2	es Develop skillin providing care to patients with emergenc y health problems	 Practicing _triage' Primary and secondary survey inemergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumaticinjury patients Documentations, assisting in legalprocedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 	 Triage Immediate care Use of emergen cy trolley 	 s Clinical evaluati on Quiz

IX. Nursing Management of geriatric patients

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competenc ies/Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessm ent Method s
Geriatr icward	1	Develops skill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	taking and assessment	 Geriatric assessment – 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment – 1 Functional status assessment – 1 	 Clinical evaluati on Care plan

X. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation

- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. Clinical Postings

Clinic al area/u nit	Durati on (week s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Critical Care Unit	2	Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chestdrainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pacemaker ICU care bundle Management of the dying patient in the ICU 	 Hemodyna mic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicat ing with critically ill patients 	 Clinical evaluati on OSCE RASS scale assessme nt Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI Case Presentatio n

PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING

BIOETHICS

SUBJECT TITLE: Professionalism ,Value and Ethics SUBJECT CODE:PROF 230 SEMESTER : Fourth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	20	-	1

Internal Assessment: 25 External exam -25 Duration Of The exam -2hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι) 5 (T)	T) Discuss nursing as aprofession	PROFESSIONALISM Profession	• Lecture cum Discussio	Short answerEssay
			 Definition of profession 	n	• Objective
			 Criteria of a profession 		type
			 Nursing as a profession 		
		Describe the	Professionalism		
		concepts and attributes of professionalism	• Definition and characteristics of professionalism		
			 Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism 		
			• Challenges of professionalism		
		Identify the	 Personal identity vs professional identity 		
		challengesof professionalism	 Preservation of self- integrity: threatto integrity, Deceiving patient: withholding information 	• Debate	
		Maintain	and falsifying records		
		respectful communication and relationship with otherhealth team members, patients and society	 Communication & Relationship withteam members: Respectful and open communication and relationship pertaining to relevant interests for ethical decision making 	• Role play	
			 Relationship with patients and society 		
		Demonstrate	Professional Conduct	• Case	
		professional conduct	 Following ethical principles 	based	
		conduct	• Adhering to policies, rules and regulation of	discussi on	
		Respect and maintain professional	the institutionsProfessional etiquettes and behaviours		
		boundaries between patients,	 Professional grooming: Uniform, Dresscode 		• Visit reports
		colleagues and society	 Professional boundaries: Professional relationship with 	• Lecture	

	the patients, caregivers and team members	cum Discussio
Describe the roles and responsibilities	Regulatory Bodies & Professional Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities	n
of regulatory bodies and professional	• <i>Regulatory bodies</i> : Indian NursingCouncil, State Nursing Council	• Visit to INC,
organizations	• <i>Professional Organizations:</i> TrainedNurses Association of India (TNAI),Student	SNC,TNAI
	Nurses Association (SNA), Nurses League of Christian Medical Association of	
	India, International Council of Nurses (ICN) and International Confederation of Midwives	

Unit	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
II	5 (T)	Discuss the importance of professional values Distinguish between personal values and professional values Demonstrate appropriate professional values innursing practice	 PROFESSIONAL VALUES Values: Definition and characteristics of values Value clarification Personal and professional values Professional socialization: Integration of professional values Professional values in nursing Importance of professional values innursing and health care Caring: definition, and process Compassion: Sympathy Vs empathy, Altruism Conscientiousness Dedication/devotion to work Respect for the person- Human dignity Privacy and confidentiality: Incidental disclosure Honesty and integrity: Truth telling Trust and credibility: Fidelity, Loyalty Advocacy: Advocacy for patients, workenvironment, nursing education and practice, and for advancing the profession 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Value clarification exercise Interactive learning Story telling Sharing experiences Scenario based discussion 	 Short answer Essay Assessmen t of student's behavior with patients and families

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_[માગ II	I— (भगरत कग र ा गजपा :			
III	10	Define	ETHICS & BIOETHICS	• Lecture	• Short answer	
	(T)	ethics & bioethics	Definitions: Ethics,	cum discussio	• Essay	
			Bioethics and Ethical Principles	n	• Quiz	
		Explain	Beneficence	Group discussion	 Reflective diary 	
		ethical principles	• Non-maleficence: Patient safety, protecting patient from	with examples	• Case report	
			harm, Reportingerrors	• Flipping/	• Attitude test	
		Identify ethical • Justice: Treating each person as		• Assessmen t of		
		concerns	• Care without discrimination,	• Role play	assignment	
		equitable access to care and safety of the public	• Story telling			
			• Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination,	 Sharing experiences 		
			Freedom of choice	• Case based		
			Ethical issues and ethical	Clinical discussion		
			dilemma: Common ethical	• Role modeling		
			problems	• Group		
		Ethical issues	Ethical issues • Confli	• Conflict of interest	exercise on ethical	
		and dilemmas	• Paternalism	decision-		
		in health care	• Deception	making		
			• Privacy and confidentiality	following steps on a		
				given scenario		
				• Assignment		

Uni	Tim	Learning	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	e	Outcomes	nt	Learning	ent
	(Hrs			Activities	Method s
)		Valid consent and refusal		
			 Allocation of scarce nursing resources 		
			 Conflicts concerning new technologies 		
			• Whistle-blowing		
			• Beginning of life issues		
			• Abortion		
			 Substance abuse 		
			∘ Fetal therapy		
			 Selective deduction 		
			 Intrauterine treatment of fetal conditions 		
			 Mandated contraception 		
			 Fetal injury 		
			 Infertility treatment 		
			• End of life issues		
			∘ End of life		
			 Euthanasia 		
			• Do Not Resuscitate (DNR)		
			 Issues related to psychiatric care 		
			 Non compliance 		
			• Restrain and seclusion		
			• Refuse to take food		
		.			
		Explain process of ethical			
		decision			
		making and			
		apply knowledge of			
		ethicsand			
		bioethics in			
		making ethical			

334		GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	IARY [P	ART III—SEC.4]
	decisions			
	Explain code of			
	ethics stipulated			
	by ICN and INC			

Uni		Learning	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	e	Outcomes	nt	Learning Activities	ent Method
	(Hrs				s
)	Discuss the	Process of ethical decision		
		rights of the	making		
		patients and families to make	Assess the situation		
		decisions about	(collectinformation)		
		healthcare	• Identify the ethical problem		
			• Identify the alternative decisions		
		Protect and respect	• Choose the solution to the ethical decision		
		patients' rights	• Implement the decision		
			• Evaluate the decision		
			Ethics committee: Roles and responsibilities		
			Clinical decision making		
			Research		
			Code of Ethics		
			• International Council of Nurses (ICN)		
			Indian Nursing Council		
			Patients' Bill of Rights-17		
			patients'rights (MoH&FW, GoI)		
			1. Right to emergency medical care		
			 Right to safety and quality care according to standards 		
			3. Right to preserve dignity		
			4. Right to nondiscrimination		
			5. Right to privacy and confidentiality		
			6. Right to information		
			7. Right to records and reports		
			8. Right to informed consent		
			9. Right to second opinion		
			10. Right to patient education		
			11. Right to choose alternative treatment options if available		
			12. Right to choose source for obtaining medicines or tests		
			13. Right to proper referral and		

<u>[भःग III (</u>	भारत का र ा ाजपा :	335
	transfer, which is free from perverse commercial influences	
	14. Right to take discharge of patient orreceive body of deceased from hospital	
	15. Right to information on the rates to be charged by the hospital for each type of service provided and facilities available on a prominent display board and a brochure	
	16. Right to protection for patients involved in clinical trials, biomedical and health research	
	17. Right to be heard and seek redressal	

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I

SUBJECT TITLE:Child Health Nursing(I) SUBJECT CODE:N-CHN(I) 301 SEMESTER : Fifth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	60	40	3

Internal Assessment: 25

DESCRIPTION: This Course Is Designed For Developing An Understanding Of The Modern Approach To Child-Care,Identification, Prevention And Nursing Management Of Common Health Problems Of Neonates And Children.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

	Tim	Learning	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	e	Outcomes	nt	Learning Activities	ent Method
	(Hrs)				S
Ι	(Hrs) 10 (T) 10 (L)	Explain the modern concept of child-care Describe National policy, programs and legislation in relation to child health & welfare	 Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care Historical development of childhealth Philosophy and modern concept of child-care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations inrelation to child health and welfare National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children Internationally accepted 		
		Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health <i>Preventive pediatrics:</i> Concept Immunization Immunization programs and cold 		

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood Differentiate between an adult and child in terms of illness and response Describe the major functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child. Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing	 chain. Care of under-five and Under-fiveClinics/Well- baby clinics Preventive measures towardsaccidents Child morbidity and mortality rates Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness Physiological Psychological Social Immunological Hospital environment for sick child Impact of hospitalization on the childand family Communication techniques forchildren Grief and bereavement The role of a child health nurse incaring for a hospitalized child Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. Child Health Nursing procedures: Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V Calculation of fluid requirement Application of restraints Assessment of pain in 		5
			children.FACES pain rating scale		

<u></u>	<u> </u>	1			
			 FLACC scale Numerical scale 		
Π	12 (T)	Describe the normal growth and development of children at different ages Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways	 The Healthy Child Definition and principles of growth and development Factors affecting growth and development Growth and development from birth to adolescence Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Development al study of infant and children Observation study of normal & sick child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic Videos on breastfeeding 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t offield visits and developmen tal study reports

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		of meeting needs Identify the role of playfor normal & sick children	 exclusive breast feeding Supplementary/arti ficial feeding and weaning Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and selection of play material 	Clinical practice/fi eld	
ΠΙ	15 (T) 20 (L)	Provide care to normal and high- risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	 Nursing care of neonate: Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of low birth weight baby Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorder Hyperbilirubinemia Hypothermia Hypothermia Neonatal seizures Neonatal seizures Respiratory distress syndrome Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit Neonatal equipment 	 Modular based teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos,self- evaluation exercises) Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRPmodule Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice Lecture Discussion 	 OSCE Short answer Objective type
IV	10 (T) 5 (L)	Apply principles andstrategies of IMNCI	Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching: IMNCI module	• OSCE

338	TH	E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	NARY [F	PART III—SEC.4]
			 Clinical practice/fi eld 	
V	8 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, and endocrine system	 Nursing management in common childhood diseases Respiratory system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist

Uni t	0		Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			• Others: Acute naso- pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma		
			Endocrine system:		
			 Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo-thyroidism 		
VI	5	Develop ability to	Childhood emergencies	• Lecture	• OSCE
	(T) 5 (L)	meetchild- hood emergencies and perform child	 Accidents – causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and 	DiscussionDemonstration	
	(L)	CPR	Drowning	• PLS	
			• PLS (AHA Guidelines)	Module/ Workshop	

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I & II CLINICAL (3

Credits - 240 hours) PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTER

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: V SEMESTER – 2 Credits

(160 hours) VI SEMESTER -

1 Credit (80 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric.
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders.
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation.
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS.
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children.
- 6. Give health education/nutritional education to parents.
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs.

Skill Lab

Use of Manikins and Simulators PLS, CPAP, Endotracheal Suction **Pediatric Nursing**

Procedures:

- Administration of medication Oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS

8 weeks × 30 hours	s per week (5	weeks + 3 weeks)
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Clinic al area/u nit	Duratio n (Weeks)	ng Outcom	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem -2 weeks VI Sem -1 week	• Provide nursingcare to children with various medical disorders	 Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, &I/V medicine/fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Application of restraints Administration of O2 inhalation by different methods Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures Teaching mothers/ parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy 	 Nursing care plan 1 Case study presentation 1 Health talk – 1 	 Assess performa nce with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OS PE Evaluatio n of case study/ presentation & health education session Completi on of activity record

THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY

340	1			1
Pediatric v Sem Surgical Ward –2 weeks VI Sem –1 week	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation s Provide pre &post- operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformatio n Counsel & educate parents 	 Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy 	 Nursing careplan – 1 Case study/ presentation – 1 	 Assess performa nce with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OS PE Evaluation n of case study/ presentatio Completi on of activity record

Clinic al area/u nit	Duratio n (Weeks)	ng Outcom	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Pediatric OPD/	V Sem	Perform assessment	 Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal Assessment of children Health assessment 	• Growth and	• Assess performa
Immunizat ionroom	-1 week	 of children: health, development al & anthropometr ic Perform immunizat ion Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health/Nutritional education 	developme ntal study: Infant – 1 Toddler – 1 Preschooler – 1 Schooler – 1 Adolescent – 1	 nce with rating scale Completi on of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem -1 week	• Provide nursingcare to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator/war mer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids withinfusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Recording & reporting Cardiopulmo nary Resuscitation (PLS) 	 Newborn assessment – 1 Nursing CarePlan – 1 	 Assess performa nce with rating scale Evaluatio n of observation report Completi on of activity record

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I

SUBJECT TITLE:Mental Health	
Nursing(I)	
SUBJECT CODE:N-MHN(I) 305	Ľ
SEMESTER : Fifth	
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2	

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	60	80	3+1

Internal Assessment: 25

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental healthnursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the conceptof normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nursein various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	• Lecture cum Discussio n	 Essay Short answer

[PART III—SEC.4]

542			E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINA	iii ii	[FAKT III—SEC.4]
II	10 (T)	Define the	Principles and Concepts of	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T)	various terms used in mental health Nursing	 Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used 	cum Discussio n	• Short answer
		Explain the classificatio n ofmental disorders	 Classification of mental disorders: ICD11,DSM5, Geropsychiatry manual classification 	 Explain using Charts Review 	
		Explain the psychodynami cs of maladaptive behaviour	 Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho-social 	of personalit y developm ent	
		Discuss the etiological factors & psychopatholog y of mental disorders	 factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neurotransmission 		
		Explain the principles and standards of	• Principles of Mental health Nursing		
		Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental	 Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (INC practice standards) 		
		health nursing	• Conceptual models and the role of nurse:		
			• Existential model		

Unit	Tim e	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning	Assessm ent Method
	(Hrs)			Activities	S
			 Psychoanalytical models 		
			 Behavioural model 		
			 Interpersonal model 		
			• Preventive psychiatry and rehabilitation		
III	6 (T)	Describe	Mental Health Assessment	• Lecture	• Essay
		nature, purpose and processof	• History taking	cum Discussio	• Short
		assessment of	Mental status examination	n	answer
		mental health	• Mini mental status examination	• Demonstration	• Assessmen t of mental
		status	Neurological examination	 Practice session 	health
			 Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI 	 Clinical practice 	status
			Psychological tests		
IV	6 (T)	Identify	Therapeutic Communication	• Lecture	• Essay
		therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic	and Nurse-Patient Relationship	Discussio n	• Short
			• Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques,		answerOSCE
			characteristics and barriers		
			• Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship		
			• Interpersonal relationship-		
			• Elements of nurse patient contract,	• Simulation (video)	
			• Review of technique of IPR- Johari window		
		impasses and its interventions	Therapeutic impasse and its management		
V	10 (T)	Explain	Treatment modalities and	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T)	treatment modalities and	therapies usedin mental disorders	cum Discussio	• Short
		therapies used	Physical	n	answer
		in mental disorders and	therapies:	 Demonstration 	 Objective type
		role of the nurse	Psychopharmaco	Group work	UPC
			logy, Electro Convulsive therapy	• Practice session	
			Electro Convulsive therapy Bayabalagiaal Therapiagi	 Clinical practice 	
			• Psychological Therapies : Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT		
			• Psychosocial : Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational		

<u>[भ</u> ाग II	I— (भारत का र ा ाजपाः		343
			therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy		
			 Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, Meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations 		
VI	8 (T)	Describe the etiology,psycho- dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders • Prevalence and incidence • Classification • Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations	 Lecture and Discussi on Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessmen t of patient manageme nt problems

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
VII	6 (T)	Describe the etiology,psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	 Nursing process Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations Follow up and home care andrehabilitation Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymiaetc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations Follow-up and home care andrehabilitation 	 Lecture and Discussi on Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessmen t of patient manageme nt problems

344	ТН	E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINA	ARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
VII I	8 (T) Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	 Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders Prevalence and incidence classifications Anxiety disorders – OCD, PTSD, Somatoform disorders, Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorders Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/ formulations Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations Follow-up and home care andrehabilitation 	 Lecture and Discussi on Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessmen t of patient manageme nt problems

CLINICAL

PRACTICUM MENTAL

HEALTH NURSING - I & II

PLACEMENT: SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I – 1 Credit (80 hours)

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II – 2 Credits (160 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psychoeducation
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in deaddiction centre.

CLINICAL POSTINGS

(8 weeks × 30 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinica l Area/U nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learnin g Outcom es	Skills/Proced ural Competenci es	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessme nts Method s
Psychiat ricOPD	2	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting intherapies Individual and group psycho-education Mental hygiene practiceeducation Family psycho- education 	 History taking and Mental status examination - 2 Health education - 1 Observatio n report of OPD 	 Assess performance withrating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of health education Assessmen t of observatio n report Completio n of activity record

्भ ाग III — ्		મ	ारत क ा र ाजप्य :		345
Child Guidan ce clinic	1	 Assess children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others 	 History & mental statusexamination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency 	 Case work – 1 Observation report of different therapies – 1 	 Assess performance withrating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient ward	4	 Assess patients with mental health problems Provide nursing care for patients with various 	 History taking Mental status examination(MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometric 	 Give care to 2-3patients with various mental disorders Case study – 1 	 Assess performance withrating scale Assess each skill with checklist

Clinica l Area/U nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learnin g Outcom es	Skills/Proced ural Competenci es	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessme nts Method s
Commun ity psychiatr y & Deaddictio ncentre	1	 mental health problems Assist in various therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others Identify patients with various mental disorders Motivate patients for early treatment and follow up Assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre 	 assessment Recording therapeutic communication Administration of medications Assist Electro- Convulsive Therapy (ECT) Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities of Daily Living(ADL) Conducting admission and discharge counselling Counseling and teaching patients and families Conduct home visit and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community Observing deaddiction care 	 Care plan Clinical presentation – 1 Process recording – 2 Maintain drugbook Case work – 1 Observatio n report on field visits Visit to deaddicti on centre 	 Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completio n of activity record Assess performance withrating scale Evaluation of case work and observatio n report Completio n of activity record

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING -I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology

SUBJECT TITLE:Community Health Nursing(I) SUBJECT CODE:N-COMH(I) 310 SEMESTER : Fifth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:4

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	100	160	5+2

Internal Assessment: 25 External assessment-75 Duration of examination -3 hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environmental science. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum. It helps students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiologicalapproach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clientsof all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι	4 (T)	Define public health, community health and community health nursing Explain the evolution of public health in India and scope of community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health	ConceptsofCommunity HealthandCommunityHealth Nursing• Definition of public health, community health and community health nursing• Publichealth in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing• Publichealth in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing• Review:Concepts of Health & Illness/ disease:• Review:Concepts of Health & Illness/ disease• Natural history of disease• Natural history of disease• Levels of prevention: Primary, Secondary &	 Lecture Discussion Explain using chart, graphs Community needs assessment (Fieldsurvey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples 	 Short answer Essay Objective type Survey report

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	<u> </u>	problems of India	tertiary prevention – Review		
			• Health problems (Profile) of India		
II	8 (T)	planning and its	1	 Lecture Discussion Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC) Directed reading 	 Short answer Essay Evaluatio n of Field visit reports & presentati on
		Explain health carepolicies and regulations in India	elements, principles • CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC) • Role of MLHP/CHP		

348	TH	IE GAZETTE OF INDIA : E	XTRAORDINARY	[PART III—SEC.4]
		 National Health Care Policies and Regulations National Health 		
		o National Health Policy(1983, 2002, 2017)		
		 National Health Mission(NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM 		
		 National Health Protection Mission (NHPM) 		
		 Ayushman Bharat Universal Health Coverage 		
	5 Identify the roleΓ) of an individual in the	Environmental Science, Environmental Health, and	• Lecture	Short answer

349

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	/	conservation of naturalresources	Sanitation • Natural resources: Renewable and non- renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems: Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources	 Discussion Debates on environmental protection and preservation Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides 	 Essay Field visit reports
		Describe ecosystem, its structure, types andfunctions Explain the classification, value and threats to biodiversity Enumerate the causes, effects and control measures of environmental pollution	 Role of individuals in conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles <i>Ecosystem:</i> Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics – Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow inecosystem <i>Biodiversity:</i> Classification, value of bio-diversity, threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity <i>Environmental</i> <i>pollution:</i> Introduction, causes, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil 	 Directed reading Visits to water supply & purification sites 	

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Discuss about climate change, global warming, acid rain, and ozone layer depletion	pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on health		
Enumerate the role of an individual in creating awareness about the social issues related to environment	 <i>Climate change, global warming:</i> ex. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impacton health <i>Social issues and environment:</i> sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics Acts related to environmental protection and preservation Environmental Health & 		

		Learning	Conte	Teaching/Lear	Assessm
t	e (Hrs	Outcomes	nt	ning Activities	ent Method
)			Activities	S
			Sanitation		
		List the Acts related to environmental protection and preservation Describe the concept of environmental health and sanitation	 Concept of environmenthealth and sanitation Concept of safe water, sources of water, waterborne diseases, water purification processes, household purification of water Physical and chemical standards of drinking water quality and tests for assessing bacteriological quality of water 	 Observe rain water harvestingplants Visit to sewage disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal sites 	
		Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management	 Concepts of water conservation: rain water harvesting and water shed management Concept of Pollution prevention 		
			• Air & noise pollution		
		Explain	• Role of nurse in prevention of pollution		
		waste manageme nt	• Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management		
			• Commonly used insecticides and pesticides		

350		TH	IE GAZETTE OF INDIA : E	XTRAORDINARY [P.	ART III—SEC.4]
IV	7	Describe the	Nutrition	• Lecture	• Performan
	(T)	various nutrition assessment methods at the community level Plan and provide	Assessment and Nutrition Education • Review of Nutrition • Concepts, types • Meal planning: aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups • Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for differentage groups 	ce assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups • Evaluation on nutritional assessmen t reports
		dietplans for all age groups including therapeutic diet Provide nutrition counseling and education to all age groups and describe	 Planning suitable diet for individuals and families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status General nutritional advice Nutrition education: purpose, principles & methods and Rehabilitation 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Short answer Essay

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		the national nutrition programs and	• <i>Review:</i> Nutritional deficiency disorders		
		Identify early the foodborne diseases, and	 National nutritional policy & programs in India 		
		perform initial management and referral	Food Borne Diseases and Food Safety		
		appropriately	Food borne diseases		
			 Definition, & burden, Causes and classification 		
			Signs & Symptoms		
			• Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins		• Field visit reports
			• Early identification, initialmanagement and referral	 Field visits to milk purification plants, 	
			Food poisoning & foodintoxication	 slaughterhouse Refer Nutrition module- ppcculuploals 2 unit 1 % 	
			 Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types offood poisoning 	BPCCHNBlock 2-unit I & UNIT 5	
			 Food intoxication- features, preventive & control measures 		
			• Public health response to food borne diseases		

[भ**ाग III**— ्

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V	6	Describe	Communication	• Lecture	• Short
	(T)	behaviour	management and	• Discussion	answer
		change communication	Health EducationBehaviour	• Role play	• Essay
		skills	• Benaviour change	 Demonstration: BCC skills 	
			communication skills	 Supervised field practice 	
			\circ communication	• Refer: BCC/SBCC	
				module(MoHFW & USAID)	
			• Human behaviour	USAID)	
			 Health belief model: concepts & definition, ways to influence behaviour 		
			 Steps of behaviour change 		
			 Techniques of behaviourchange: Guiding principles in planning BCC activity 		• Performa
		Counsel and providehealth	• Steps of BCC		evaluation ofhealth
		education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthylife style practices	 Social and Behaviour Change Communication strategies (SBCC): techniques to collect social history from clients 		
			 Barriers to effective 		

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		using appropriate methods and media	communication, and methods to overcomethem		education sessions to
			 Health promotion and Health education: methods/technique s, andaudio-visual aids 		individua ls and families
VI	7 (T)		Community	• Lecture	• Short
		community	health nursing	• Discussion	answer
		health nursing approaches and	approaches, concepts, roles	• Demonstration	• Essays
		concepts	and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel	• Role plays	
			• Approaches:		
			 Nursing process 		
			 Epidemiolog icalapproach 		
			 Problem solving approach 		
			 Evidence based approach 	 Supervised field practice 	• Assessmen t of
		Describe and identify the	 Empowering people tocare for themselves 		supervised field practice
	community health nurse promote and maintain far	health nurse to promote and maintain family	• <i>Review:</i> Primary health care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC)		
		health through home visits	Home Visits:		
			 Concept, Principles, Process, & Techniques:Bag technique 		
			 Qualities of Community HealthNurse 		

352		TH	IE GAZETTE OF INDIA : E	XTRAORDINARY	[PART III—SEC.4]
			 Roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel in family health services <i>Review:</i> Principles & techniques of counseling 		
VII	10 (T)	Explain the specific activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting individuals and families to promote and maintain their health A. Assessment of individuals and families (Review from Child health nursing, Medical surgicalnursing and OBG Nursing) • Assessment of children, women, adolescents, elderly etc.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of clinical performance e in the field practice area

Uni t	e	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method
	(Hrs			Activities	s
	,		 Children: Monitoring growth and development, milestones 		
			• Anthropometr ic measurements, BMI		• Assessmen t of procedural
			 Social development Temperature and Bloodpressure monitoring 		skills in lab procedures
			 Menstrual cycle 		
			• Breast self- examination (BSE) and testicles self- examination (TSE)		
			 Warning Signs of various diseases 		
			 Tests: Urine for sugar andalbumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin 		
			B. Provision of health services/primary healthcare:		
		Provide primary	 Routine check-up, Immunization, counseling, and diagnosis 		
		care at home/ health centers (HWC) using standingorders/ protocols as per	 Management of commondiseases at home and health centre level 		
		protocols as per public health standards/approve d byMoH&FW and INC regulation	 Care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MoH&FW 		
			 Drugs dispensing and injections at health centre 	Document and maintain:Individual records	

Develop skill in maintenance of records and reports	 C. Continue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases/disabiliti es D. Carry out therapeutic procedures as prescribed/require d forclient and family 	• Evaluatio n of records and reports
	E. Maintenance of healthrecords and reports	
	• Maintenance of clientrecords	
	• Maintenance of healthrecords at the facility level	
	• Report writing and documentation of activities carried out during home visits, in the clinics/centers and field visits	

t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		Develop beginning skills in handling social issues affecting the health and development of the family Identify and assist the families to utilize the community resources appropriately	 F. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health and development of the family Women empowerment Women and child abuse Abuse of elders Female foeticide Commercial sex workers Substance abuse G. Utilize community resources for client and family Trauma services Old age homes Orphanages Homes for physically challenged individuals Homes for destitute Palliative care centres Hospice care centres Assisted living 	 Family records Health center records Field visits 	• Evaluatio n offield visit reports

354		Tł	<u>IE GAZETTE OF INDIA : E</u>	XTRAORDINARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
VII		Describe the	Introduction to	• Lecture	• Short
Ι	(T)	concepts,	Epidemiology –	• Discussion	answer
		approaches and methods of	Epidemiological Approaches and	 Demonstration 	• Essay
		epidemiology	Processes	• Role play	• Report on
			• Epidemiology: Conceptand Definition	 Field visits: communicable diseasehospital & Entomology office 	visitto communica bledisease hospital
			• Distribution and frequency of disease		• Report on visit to
			• Aims & uses of epidemiolo gy		entomolog yoffice
			• Epidemiological models of causation of disease		
			Concepts of disease transmission		
			 Modes of transmission: Direct, Indirect and chain of infection 		
			• Time trends or fluctuations in disease occurrence	• Investigation of an epidemic of	
			• Epidemiological approaches: Descriptive, analytical and experimental		
			 Principles of control measures/levels of 		

355

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease	 prevention of disease Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention 	communicable disease	• Report and presentatio n on investigatin g an epidemic of communica bledisease

IX	15	Explain the	Communicable	• Lecture	• Field
	(T)	epidemiology of	Diseases and	• Discussion,	visit
		specific communicable	National Health Programs	Demonstration	reports
		diseases	1. Communicable	• Role play	• Assessmen t offamily
			Diseases –Vector	• Suggested field visits	case study
			borne diseases (Every		• OSCE
		Describe the	disease will be dealt	Field practice	assessm
		various methods	under the following headlines)	• Assessment of	ent
		of prevention,	,	clients with communicable	• Short
		control and	• Epidemiology of the following	diseases	answer
		management of communicable	vector born		• Essay
		diseases and the	diseases		
		role of nurses in	• Prevention &		
		screening,	controlmeasures		
		diagnosing, primary	• Screening, and		
		management and	diagnosingthe		
		referral to a	following		
		health facility	conditions, primary		
			management, referral and follow		
			up		
			• Malaria		
			∘ Filaria		
			∘ Kala-azar		
			∘ Japanese		
			encephalitis		
			o Dengue		
			 Chickungunya 		
			2. Communicable		
			diseases: Infectious		
			diseases (Every disease will be dealt		
			underthe following		
			headlines)		
			 Epidemiology 		
			of the following		
			infectious		
			diseases		
			• Prevention &		
			Controlmeasures		
			• Screening,		
			diagnosing the		
			following conditions, primary		
			management,		
			referral and follow		
			up		

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	∘ Leprosy	
	• Tuberculosis	
	• Vaccine	
	preventable	
	diseases –	
	Diphtheria, whooping cough,	
	tetanus,	
	poliomyelitis	

(Hrs		nt	ning Activities	ent Method s
)		and measles		
		• Enteric fever		
		• Viral hepatitis		
		• HIV/AIDS/RTI infections		
		 HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/ Reproductive tract infections (STIs/RTIs) 		
		o Diarrhoea		
		 Respiratory tract infections 		
		∘ COVID-19		
		 Helminthic – soil & food transmitted and parasitic infections – Scabies and pediculosis 		
		3 . Communicable diseases: Zoonotic diseases		
		• Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases		
		• Prevention & control measures		
	Idontify the	• Screening and diagnosingthe following conditions, primary management, referral and follow		
		up		
	programs relevant to communicable diseases and	• Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referral to a health facility		
	of nurses in	-		
		relevant to communicable diseases and explainthe role	 Viral hepatitis HIV/AIDS/RTI infections HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/ Reproductive tract infections (STIs/RTIs) Diarrhoea Respiratory tract infections COVID-19 Helminthic – soil & food transmitted and parasitic infections – Scabies and pediculosis Communicable diseases Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases Prevention & control measures Screening and diagnosingthe following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referralto a health facility Role of a nurses in 	Identify the national health programs relevant to communicable diseases and explainthe role • Viral hepatitis • HIV/AIDS/RTI infections • HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/ Reproductivetract infections (STIs/RTIs) • Diarrhoea • Respiratory tract infections • COVID-19 • Helminthic – soil & food transmitted and parasitic infections – Scabies and pediculosis 3. Communicable diseases • Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases • Prevention & control measures • Screening and diagnosingthe following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up • Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referral to a health facility • Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referral to a health facility

356	1	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY	[PART III—SEC.4]
	of these programs	controlof communicable diseases	
		National Health Programs	
		 UIP: Universal Immunization Program (Diphtheria, Whoopingcough, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis, Measles and Hepatitis B) National Leprosy Eradication Program (NLEP) 	
		3. Revised National Tuberculosis ControlProgram (RNTCP)	
		 4. Integrated Disease Surveillance Program(IDSP): Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory 	

 ,			Activities	Method s
(T)	Describe the national health program for the control of non- communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility	 infections and Scabies 5. National Aids Control Organization (NACO) 6. National Vector Borne Disease Control Program 7. National Air Quality Monitoring Program 8. Any other newly addedprogram 8. Any other newly addedprogram Non- Communicable Diseases and National Health Program (NCD) National response to NCDs (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines Epidemiology of specific diseases Prevention and controlmeasures Screening, diagnosing/ identification and primary management, referral and follow up care NCD-1 Diabetes Mellitus Hypertension Cardiovascular diseases 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases 	 Field visit reports Assessmen t offamily case study OSCE assessm ent Short answer Essay
		 Stroke & Obesity Blindness: 		

्	भंारत कर्ा र्ााजपः :	357
	Categories of visual impairment and national program for control of blindness	
	• Deafness: national program for prevention and control of deafness	
	₀ Thyroid diseases	
	 Injury and accidents: Risk factors for Road traffic injuries and operational guidelines for trauma care facility on highways 	
	NCD-2 Cancers	
	 Cervical Cancer 	
	 Breast Cancer 	
	• Oral cancer	
	 Epidemiology of specific cancers, Risk factors/ 	

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			Causes, Prevention, Screening, diagnosis – signs, Signs & symptoms, and early management & referral o Palliative care o Role of a nurse in non- communicable disease control program	• Participatio n in national health programs	
			National Health Programs		
			 National program for prevention and control of cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) 		
			 National program for control of blindness 		
			 National program for prevention and control of deafness 		
			 National tobacco control program 		
			 Standard treatment protocols used in National Health Programs 		

358	8 THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY [PART III—SEC.4]						
XI	3	Enumerate the	School Health	• Lecture	• Short		
	(T)	schoolhealth	Services	Discussion	answer		
		activities and the role functions of	• Objectives	 Demonstration 	• Essay		
		aschool health	• Health problems of	• Role play	• Evaluatio		
		nurse	schoolchildren	 Suggested field visits 	n ofhealth counselin		
			• Components of		g to school		
			schoolhealth services	• Field practice	children		
			• Maintenance of schoolhealth records		 Screen, diagnose, manage andrefer 		
			• Initiation and		school		
			planning of school		children		
			health services		• OSCE		
			• Role of a school		assessm		
			healthnurse		ent		

Note: Lab hours less than 1 Credit is not specified separately.

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL: 2 Credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS: (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinic al Area/U nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Urban	2 weeks	Build and maintain rapport	 Interviewing skills using communication and 	 Community needs assessment/ Survey 	 Evaluatio n ofsurvey report

Clinic al Area/U nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Rural	2 Weeks		interpersonal relationship	 – Rural/urban – 1 Field visits: 	
		Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community	• Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community	 SC/HWC, PHC,CHC Water resources & purification site – water quality standards 	 Evaluation offield visit and observatio n reports
				Rain water harvesti ng	
		Observe the functioning and		• Sewage	
		document	 Observation skills 	disposal	
		significant observations		Observation of	
				• milk diary	
				 slaughterhou se –meat hygiene 	
			Netitional	• Observation of nutrition programs	
		Perform	• Nutritional assessment skills	• Visit to market	• Health
		nutritional assessment and plandiet plan for adult	 Skill in teaching individual/famil 	• Nutritional assessment of an individual (adult) –1	talk evaluati on
		Educate individuals/	 v on: Nutrition, including foodhygiene and 	 Health teaching (Adult) – 1 	
		family/communit y on	safety	• Use of audio-	
		- Nutrition	• Healthy lifestyle	visualaids	
		- Hygiene	• Health promotion	 Flash cards Posters 	
		- Food hygiene		• Flannel graph	
		- Healthy lifestyle	• Health assessment	• Flip charts	
		- Health promotion	in also din a nostriti an al	• Health assessmentof woman – 1,	 Assessmen t ofclinical
					t orennicai

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Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups		infant/under five –1, adolescent – 1, adult – 1	performan ce
	 Documentation skills 	• Growth monitoringof under-five children – 1	
		Document and maintain:	• Evaluation s of reports
Maintain records and reports		Individual recordFamily record	&
		• Health center record	
		• Community health survey to investigate an epidemic –	

Clinic al Area/U nit	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
		Investigate epidemic of communicable disease	 Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey 	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral: • Communic abledisease - 1	records
		Identify prevalent communicable and non- communicable diseases	• Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high-risk clients to FRUs	 Non- communicable diseases – 1 Home visits – 2 	 Clinical performa nce assessme
		manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk	• Conduct home visit	national health	nt • OSCE • Final clinical examinati on
		clients using standing orders/protocols Participate in implementatio n ofnational	• Participation in implementation of nationalhealth programs	 Participatio n inschool health program – 1 	• Evaluatio n ofhome visit
		health programs Participate in schoolhealth program	 Participation in school healthprogram 		

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/NURSING EDUCATION

SUBJECT TITLE:Educational Technology /Nursing Education	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
SUBJECT CODE:EDUC315	-	40	-	1
SEMESTER : Fifth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2				

Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -75 Duration Of exam -3 hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, P – Practical (Laboratory)

Uni t		ime [rs.)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s		
	Т	P						
Ι	6	de ty ap sc ec	definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology	Introduction and Theoretical Foundations: Education and educational technology • Definition, aims	• Lecture cum discussio n	• Quiz		
				• Approaches and scope of educational technology				
				• Latest approaches to education:				
				• Transformational education				
				 Relationship based education 				
				 Competency based education 				
				Educational philosophy:				
			Explain the teaching learning process, nature, characteristics and principles	• Definition of philosophy, education and philosophy				
				Comparison of educational philosophies				
				• Philosophy of nursing education				
							Teaching learning process:	
				• Definitions				
					 Teaching learning as a process 			
				• Nature and characteristics of teaching and learning				
				• Principles of teaching and learning				
				• Barriers to teaching and learning				
				• Learning theories				

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[भाषा III ्	भंारत कर्ा र ा ाजपाः :	361
	• Latest approaches to learning	
	• Experiential learning	

Uni t	ni Time (Hrs.)		Outcomes	Outcomes nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	Т	Р				
				 Reflective learning Scenario based learning Simulation based learning Blended learning 	Group exercise: • Create/disc uss scenario- based exercise	Assessmen t of Assignmen t: • Learning theories – analysis of anyone
II	6	6	Identify essential qualities/attribute s of ateacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self- assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan	 Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner Types of learners Determinants of learning – learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Today's generation of learners andtheir skills and attributes Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors – personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum design – components, approaches Curriculum development – factors influencing 	 Lecture cum discussion Self- assessment exercise: Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) Lecture cum discussion Individual/gr oup exercise: 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t of Assignmen t: Individu al/

362	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY				
		 curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing courseplan, unit plan and lesson plan 	 Writing learning outcomes Preparation of alesson plan 	Group	
III 8 15	Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management	 Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab –Teaching Methods Classroom management-principles and strategies Classroom communication Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication 	Lecture cum Discussion	 Short answer Objectivety pe 	

Uni t	i Time (Hrs.)				(Hrs.)		Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	Т	Р								
			Describe different methods/strategie s of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods	 Information communication technology (ICT) – ICT used ineducation <i>Teaching methods</i> – <i>Features, advantages</i> Lecture, Group discussion, microteaching Skill lab – simulations, Demonstration & re- demonstration Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, 	 Practice teaching/Mi croteaching Exercise (Peer teaching) Patient teaching session 	• Assessmen t of microteachi ng				
			Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	 exhibitions Role play, project Field trips Self-directed learning (SDL) Computer assisted learning One-to-one instruction <i>Active learning strategies</i> Team based learning Problem based learning Peer sharing Case study analysis Journaling Debate Gaming 	 Constructio ofgame – puzzle Teaching in groups interdisciplinary 					
IV	3	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences	 Inter-professional education Teaching in the Clinical Setting – Teaching Methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences 	• Lecture cum discussion	• Short answer				

<u>[भ</u> ाग III— ्		भ ारत क ा र ा जप। :		363
<u>[भाग III</u> ्		 40रत के। {ाजप : Practice model Characteristics of effective clinical teacher Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies Clinical teaching strategies – patient assignment – 		• Assessmen t of written assignment
	Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	 patientassignment – clinical conference, clinical presentation/bedside clinic, Case study/care study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording 	• Writing clinical outcomes – assignments in pairs	ussignment

Uni t	ni Time (Hrs.)								Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method
	Т	Р				S						
V	5	5	Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media	 Educational/Teaching Media Media use – Purpose, components, principles and steps 	• Lecture cum discussio n	 Short answer Objective type 						
				• Types of media <i>Still visuals</i>								
			Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages	 Non projected – drawings & diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, cartoons, board devices (chalk/whiteboard, bulletin board, flannel board, flip charts, flash cards, still pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, leaflet, brochure, flyer 								
			Develop skill in preparing and using media	 Projected – film stripes, microscope, power point slides, overhead projector <i>Moving visuals</i> Video learning resources – videotapes & DVD, blu- ray, USB flash drive Motion pictures/films <i>Realia and models</i> Real objects & Models Audio aids/audio media Audiotapes/Compact discs Radio & Tape recorder Public address system Digital audio <i>Electronic media/computer learning resources</i> Computers Web-based videoconferencing E-learning, Smart classroom 	• Preparation of different teachingaids – (Integrate with practice teaching sessions)	• Assessmen t of the teaching media prepared						

364	1	ı	THE G	AZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	ARY []	PART III—SEC.4]
				Telecommunication (Distance education)		
				 Cable TV, satellite broadcasting, videoconferencing Telephones – Telehealth/telenursing Mobile technology 		
VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment	Assessment/Evalu ation Methods/Strategi es • Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types • Barriers to evaluation • Guidelines to develop assessment	• Lecture cum discussion	 Short answer Objective type

Uni t	Time (Hrs.)		Time (Hrs.)								Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	Т	Р												
			tests Develop skill in construction of different tests Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	tests Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, Short answer questions (SAQ) Multiple choice questions (MCQ – single response & multiple response) Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication – progressnotes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning: Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions	• Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	• Assessmen t oftool/s prepared								
VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance	Guidance/academic advising,counseling and discipline <i>Guidance</i>	Lecture cum discussion									

	Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance	 Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles Roles of academic advisor/facultyin guidance <i>Counseling</i> Difference between guidance and counseling Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling Counseling Counseling skills/techniques –basics Roles of counselor Organization of counseling 	 Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling 	 Assessmen t of performance in role play scenario Evaluatio n of assignment
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 Short answer Evaluatio n of case study analysis Quiz – MCQ

INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

SUBJECT
TITLE:INTRODUCTION TO
FORENSIC AND INDIAN LAWS
SUBJECT CODE:EDUC315
SEMESTER : Fifth
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2Lecture
Tutorial (T)Practical (P)Credit (C)-20-1

Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -25 Duration Of exam -2 hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

Uni	Tim	Learni	Conte	Teaching/	Assessme
t	e	ng	nt	Learning	nt
	(Hrs	Outcom		Activities	Methods
)	es			
Ι	3 (T)	Describe the nature of	Forensic Science	• Lecture	• Quiz – MCQ
		forensic	• Definition	discussio	
		science and	• History	n	
		discus issues concerning	Importance in medical science		• Write
		violence	 Forensic Science Laboratory 		visit
			Violence	• Visit to Regional	report
			• Definition	Forensic Science	
			• Epidemiology	Laboratory	
			1 00		
			• Source of data		
			Sexual abuse – child and women		
II	2 (T)	Explain	Forensic Nursing	• Lecture	 Short answer
		concepts of forensic	• Definition	cum discussio n	• Objective
		nursing and	 History and development 		type
		scope of practice for forensic	 Scope – setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties 		
		nurse	• Ethical issues		
			• Roles and responsibilities of nurse		
			• INC & SNC Acts		

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	7 (T)	Identify	Forensic Team	• Lecture	 Objective
		members of forensic team and	• Members and their roles	cum Discussio n	typeShort answer
		describe role of forensic nurse	Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family		
			Physical aspects		
			Psychosocial aspects	• Hypothetical/	
			• Cultural and spiritual aspects	real case presentation	
			Legal aspects	presentation	
			• Assist forensic team in care beyond scope ofher practice		
			• Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence	• Observation of	
			• Responsibilities of nurse as a witness		
			Evidence preservation – role of nurses		• Write report
			• Observation	Visitto	
			• Recognition	• Visit to department of forensic	
				medicine	

Uni	Tim	Learni	Conte	Teaching/	Assessme
t	e (Hrs	ng Outcom	nt	Learning Activities	nt Methods
)	es			
			Collection		
			Preservation		
			• Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal/traumatic event		
			 Forwarding biological samples for forensicexamination 		
IV		Describe	Introduction of Indian Constitution	• Lecture	• Short answer
		fundamen tal rights		cum discussio	
		and	Fundamental Rights	n	
		human	• Rights of victim		• Assessmen
		rights commissi	• Rights of accused	• Written	t of written assignment
		on	8	Assignment	assignment
					NV.
			Human Rights Commission		• Write visit
				• Visit to prison	report
V		Explain Indian judicial system and	Sources of laws and law-making powers	Lecture cum discussio n	• Quiz
		laws	Overview of Indian Judicial System		• Short answer
			 JMFC (Judicial Magistrate First Class) 	• Guided reading	
			• District		
			• State		
			• Apex		
				• Lecture	
			Civil and Criminal Case Procedures	cum discussio	
			• IPC (Indian Penal Code)	n	
			• ICPC		
			• IE Act (Indian Evidence Act)		
		Discuss the importance ofPOSCO	Overview of POSCO Act		
		Act			

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II

SUBJECT TITLE:INTRODUCTION TO	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
FORENSIC AND INDIAN LAWS SUBJECT CODE:EDUC315	-	80	-	2
SEMESTER : Sixth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2				

Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -75 Duration Of exam -3hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
1	20 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and nervous system	 Cardiovascular system: Identification and Nursing managementof congenital malformations Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic (ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF) Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheumaticheart disease, Congestive cardiac failure Hematological conditions: a) Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia Others: Anemia, Leukemia, Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Hodgkins and non- hodgkins lymphoma Gastro-intestinal system: Identification and Nursing managementof congenital malformations. Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, Hirschsprungs disease (Megacolon), Anorectal malformation, Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal wall defects, Hernia Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein energy malnutrition, Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases, intestinal parasites 	 Lecture cum discussio n Demonstration and practice session 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t of skills with checklist

[भाग II	I— (भ ारत क ा र ा जप :		369
			 Congenital: Wilms tumor, Extropy ofbladder, Hypospadias, Epispadias, Obstructive uropathy Others: Nephrotic syndrome, Acute glomerulonephritis, renal failure 		
			Nervous system:		
			 Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations 		
			a) Congenital: Spina bifida, Hydrocephalous.		
			b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy headinjury		
Π	10 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing	Orthopedic disorders: • Club foot	 Lecture cum discussio n Demonstration 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		management of children with Orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders Explain the preventive measures and strategies for children with communicable diseases	 Hip dislocation and Fracture Disorder of eye, ear and skin: Refractory errors Otitis media and Atopic dermatitis Communicable diseases in children, their identification/ diagnosis, nursing management in hospital, in home, control& prevention: Tuberculosis Diphtheria Tetanus Pertussis Poliomyelitis Measles Mumps, and Chickenpox HIV/AIDS Dengue fever COVID-19 	 Practice session Clinical practice 	skills with checklis t

370		TH	E GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	NARY [P	PART III—SEC.4]
Π	10 (T)	Describe the management of children with behavioral & social problems Identify the social & welfare services for challenged children	Management of behavior and social problems in children • Child Guidance clinic • Common behavior disorders in children and management • Enuresis and Encopresis • Nervousness • Nail biting • Thumb sucking • Temper tantrum • Stealing • Aggressiveness • Juvenile delinquency • School phobia • Learning disability • Psychiatric disorders in children and management • Childhood schizophrenia • Childhood depression • Conversion reaction • Posttraumatic stress disorder • Autistic spectrum disorders	 Lecture cum discussio n Field visits to childguidance clinics, school for mentally& physically, socially challenged 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t offield reports

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Eating disorder in children and management 		
			 Obesity Anorexia nervosa 		
			o Bulimia		
			 Management of challenged children. 		
			o Mentally		
			• Physically		
			• Socially		
			 Child abuse, 		
			 Substance abuse 		
			 Welfare services for challenged children in India 		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II – CLINICAL PRACTICUM (1 Credit – 80 hours)

Given under Child Health Nursing - I as I & II

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

SUBJECT TITLE:Mental Health Nursing -II SUBJECT CODE:N-MHN 305 SEMESTER : Sixth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	40	160	2+2

Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -75 Duration Of exam -3hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meetpsychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

Uni	Tim	Learni	Conte	Teaching/Lear	Assessm
t	e	ng Outcom	nt	ning	ent Method
	(Hrs	es		Activities	S
I) 6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	 Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/etiology of substance usedisorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment anddrug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse andnarcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for vulnerable population Follow-up and home care andrehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussio n Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessmen t of patient manageme nt problems

372		TI	HE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	ARY [P	ART III—SEC.4]
II	(T) e F C T T C T T F F F a	Describe the etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders	 Nursing Management of Patient with Personality and Sexual Disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care andrehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussio n Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	nt
ш	(T) e F C T C C T C C T C C T T C C T T T C C T	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing Management of Behavioural & Emotional Disorders occurring during Childhood and Adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorders, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations	 Lecture cum discussio n Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	t of patient manageme nt problems

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			 Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment 		
			 Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability 		
			 Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
IV	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	NursingManagementofOrganicBrainDisorders(Delirium,Dementia,amnesticdisorders)•Prevalence and incidence•Classification••Etiology,psychopathology,clinical features,diagnosisand Differential diagnosis••Nursing Assessment:•Treatment modalities andneurological assessment••Treatment modalities andnursing management oforganic brain disorders•Follow-up and homecare andrehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussio n Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessmen t of patient manageme nt problems
V	6 (T)	Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	 Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process Stress reduction interventions as perstress 	 Lecture cum discussio n Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Short answer Objective type

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			adaptation model		
			- Coping enhancement		
			- Techniques of counseling		
VI	4	Eveloie le col		Lesture	Chort
VI	4 (T)	Explain legal aspects	Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing	• Lecture cum	Short answer
	(-)	applied in	• Overview of Indian Lunacy Act	discussio	 Objective
		mental health	and The Mental Health Act	n	type
		settings and role of the	1987	• Case discussion	
		nurse	• (Protection of Children from		
			SexualOffence) POSCO		
			Act		
			• Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017		
			• Rights of mentally ill clients		
			 Forensic psychiatry and nursing 		
			• Acts related to narcotic and		
			psychotropic substances and		
			illegal drug trafficking		

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
VII	5 (T)	Describe the	 Admission and discharge procedures as perMHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses inimplementing MHCA 2017 Community Mental Health 	• Lecture	• Short
		model of preventive psychiatry Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	 Nursing Development of Community MentalHealth Services: National mental health policy viz. NationalHealth Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalizati on Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at theprimary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc. 	cum discussio n • Clinical/ field practice • Field visits to mental health service agencies	 answer Objective type Assessmen t ofthe field visit reports

CLINICAL PRACTICUM – 2 Credits (80 hours) Clinical Practicum for Mental Health Nursing - I & II are given under Mental Health Nursing - I Clinical Practicum

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

SUBJECT TITLE:Nursing Management And Leadersgip	Lecture	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
SUBJECT CODE:NMLE(330)	(L) -	60	80	3+1
SEMESTER : Sixth CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2				

Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -75 Duration Of exam -3hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

	Tim	Learning		Teaching/ Learning	Assessm
t	e (Hr s)	Outcomes	nt	Activities	ent Method
I	1	health care,	 Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India Current health care delivery system of India – review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management 	 Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment 	 s Short answer Assessme nt of assignmen t
II	2 (T)	Explain the principles and functions of manageme nt applied to nursing	management Management Basics Applied toNursing • Definitions, concepts and theories of management • Importance, features and levels of management • Management and administration • Functions of management • Principles of management	• Lecture and discussion	 MCQ Short answer
		Describe the introductor y concepts of managemen t asa process	 Trinciples of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Process Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controlling MANAGEMENT OF 		
III		Describe the essential elements of planning	NURSINGSERVICES Planning Nursing Services • Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives • Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals	 Lecture and Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patientcare units Demonstration of disaster drillin the respective setting 	• Formulate Mission & Vision Statement forthe nursing departmen

Functional and operational planning	t/ unit
	• Assessmen t

Unit	Tim	Learning	Conte	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm
	e (Hr	Outcomes	nt	Activities	ent Method
IV	s) 4 (T)	Discuss the concepts of organizin g including hospital organizati on	 Strategic planning Program planning – Gantt chart & milestone chart Budgeting – concepts, principles, types, Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis Planning hospital and patient care unit(Ward) Planning for emergency and disaster Organizing Organizing as a process – assignment, delegation and coordination Hospital – types, functions & organizational development Organizational development Organizational structure Organizational charts Organizational effectiveness Hospital administration, Control & line of authority Hospital statistics including hospitalutilization indices Nursing care delivery systems and trends Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate 	 Lecture cum discussion Comparison of organizational structure of various organizations Nursing care delivery systems – assignment Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing services 	s of problem- solving exercises • Visit Report • Short answer • Assessme nt of assignmen t
V	6 (T)	significance of human resource managemen t (HRM) and material	 Staffing (Human resource management) Definition, objectives, components and functions Staffing & Scheduling Staffing – Philosophy, staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment 	 Lecture and discussion Role play Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward 	• Formulate Job descriptio n at different levels of care & compare with existing system

376	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRA	AORDINARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
	• Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation		• Preparatio n ofduty roster
	 Staffing units – Projecting staffing requirements/calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio asper SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities 		

Uni t	Tim e	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent
	(Hr s)				Method s
	5)		• Turnover and absenteeism		5
			• Staff welfare		
			 Discipline and grievances 		
			In-Service Education	¥7'	
			 Nature and scope of in- serviceeducation program 	• Vis it to inventory store of theinstitution	
		Explain the	 Principles of adult learning – review 		• Preparatio
		procedura l steps of material managem	 Planning and organizing in-serviceeducational program 		n of MMF/reco rds
		ent	 Methods, techniques and evaluation 		Preparatio n oflog book &
		Develop	 Preparation of report 		condemnat
		manageria l skill in inventory	Material Resource Management		ion documents • Visit
		control and	 Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse 		Report
	r i r	actively participate in procurem ent process	 Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit 		
VI	5	Describe	Directing and Leading	• Lecture and discussion	• Assignme
	(T)	(T) the important	• Definition, principles, elements of directing	Demonstration of record & report	nt on Reports & Records
		methods of supervision	 Supervision and guidance 	maintenance in specific	maintaine
		and	 Participatory management 	wards/ departments	d in .
		guidance	 Inter-professional collaboration 		nursing departmen t/
			 Management by objectives 		• Preparatio
			 Team management 		n of
			 Assignments, rotations 		protocols and
			 Maintenance of discipline 		manuals
			 Leadership in management 		

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VII4 (T)Discuss the significan ce and changing trends of nursing leadershipAnalyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competenc ies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS) 	 Short answer Essay Assessme nt of exercise/re port

Unit		Learning	Conte	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm
	e (Hr s)	Outcomes	nt	Activities	ent Method s
			• Conflict management and negotiation		
			• Implementing planned change		
VIII		Explain the	Controlling	• Lecture cum discussion	• Assessm
	(T)	process of controlling andits activities	 Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices 	 Preparation of policies/ protocols for nursing units/ 	ent of prepared protocols
			 Nursing performance audit, patientsatisfaction 	department	
			 Nursing rounds, Documentation –records and reports 		
			 Total quality management – Quality assurance, Quality and safety 		
			 Performance appraisal 		
			 Program evaluation review technique(PERT) 		
			 Bench marking, Activity plan (Ganttchart) 		
			 Critical path analysis 		
IX	4 (T)	concepts of	Organizational Behavior and Human Relations	 Lecture and discussion Role play/ exercise – Group dynamics & human relations 	• Short answer
		organizatio nal behavior and group dynamics	 Concepts and theories of organizational behavior 		• OSCE
			 Group dynamics Review – Interpersonal relationship 		
			Human relations		
			 Public relations in the context of nursing 		
			• Relations with professional associations and employee unions		
			 Collective bargaining 		
			 Review – Motivation and moralebuilding 		
			 Communication in the workplace –assertive 		

378		T	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTR	RAORDINARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
			 communication Committees – importance in the organization, functioning 		
X	2 (T)	Describe the financial managem entrelated to nursing services	 Financial Management Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management Financial planning (budgeting fornursing department) Proposal, projecting requirement forstaff, equipment and supplies for – Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units 	 Lecture cum discussion Budget proposal review Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department 	 Short answer Essay Assessme nt of assignmen t

Uni	Tim	Learning	Conte	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm
t	e (Hr s)	Outcomes	nt	Activities	ent Method s
			 Budget and Budgetary process 		
XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatic	 Financial audit Nursing Informatics/ Information Management Review Patient records Nursing records Use of computers in hospital, 	 Review Practice session Visit to departments 	• Short answer
		s	 collegeand community Telemedicine & Tele nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR),EHR 		
XII	1 (T)	Review personal managemen t interms of managemen t of emotions, stress and resilience	 Personal Management – Review Emotional intelligence Resilience building Stress and time management – de- stressing Career planning 	ReviewDiscussion	
			MANAGEMENT OF NURSING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS		
XII I	4 (T)	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions andits accreditatio nguidelines	 Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies –INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation – Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of 	 Lecture and discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies 	• Visit report

[भाग I]	I— ≬		भारत का र ा जपा :		379
XI V	4 (T)	planning and organizing	 Planning and Organizing Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review – Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – masterplan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Labequipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, 	 Directed reading – INCCurriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment – writingphilosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation 	 Sho rt answ er Essa y Assessm entof assignmen t

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
XV	4	Develop understand ingof staffing the college and selecting the students	 computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences Staffing and Student Selection Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description Performance appraisal Faculty development Faculty/staff welfare Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement 	 Guided reading on facultynorms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	 Short answer Activi ty report Assessm entof job descripti on
XV I	4 (T)	Analyze the leadership and manageme nt activities in an educational organizatio n	 Directing and Controlling Review – Curriculum implementation and evaluation Leadership and motivation, supervision – review Guidance and counseling Quality management – educational audit Program evaluation, evaluation of performance Maintaining discipline Institutional records and reports – administrative, faculty, staff and students 	 Review principles of evaluation Assignment – Identify disciplinary problems amongstudents Writing student record 	 Sho rt answ er Assessm ent of assignmen t and record

380			THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTR	AORDINARY []	PART III—SEC.4]
XVI	4	Identify	PROFESSIONA		
Ι	(T)	variouslegal			
			CONSIDERATI		
			ONS		
		relevant to nursing practice	Review – Legal and Ethical Issues		
			 Nursing as a profession – Characteristics of a professional nurse 		
			 Nursing practice – philosophy, aimand objectives 		
			 Regulatory bodies – INC and SNC constitution and functions 		
			Review – Professional ethics		
			 Code of ethics and professional conduct – INC & ICN 		
			 Practice standards for nursing – INC 		
			 International Council for Nurses (ICN) 		
			Legal aspects in nursing:		
			 Consumer protection act, patient rights 		
			• Legal terms related to practice, legal		

Unit	Tim e	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent
	(Hr s)	Outcomes			Method s
			system – types of law, tort law &liabilities		
			 Laws related to nursing practice –negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties 		
			 Invasion of privacy, defamation of character 		
			• Nursing regulatory mechanisms – registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practitioner/specialist nursing practice		
XVI		Explain	Professional Advancement	Prepare journal list	• Assessm
	(T)	various opportunitie	Continuing Nursing Education	available in IndiaWrite an article –	entof assignme
		s for	 Career opportunities 	research/clinical	nts
		professional advancemen t	 Membership with professional organizations – national and international 		
			 Participation in research activities 		
			 Publications – journals, newspaper 		

Note: Less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 2 Credits (80 hours) 2 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 80 hours

Practice Competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings incident reports/adverse

reports/audit reports

- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching

- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I including SBA module

SUBJECT	Lecture	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
TIT)LE:Midwifery/Obstetrics ans	(L)	1400144 (1)		
Gynecology (I)	<u>40</u>	60	240	3+1+3
SEMESTER : Sixth		00	240	51115
CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3				

Internal Assessment: 25

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, SL/L – Skill Lab/Lab, C – Clinical

382	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY [P				
Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
Ι		Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India Review vital health	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India <i>Current scenario:</i> Trends of maternity care in India Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, 	 Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM 	 Short answer Objective type Essay Quiz

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method
)				S
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatalmortality rate, fertility rates		
			• Maternal death audit		
		Describe the various national health programs	 National health programs related toRMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health) 		
		related to RMNCH+A	Current trends in midwifery and OBGnursing:		
		Identify the	 Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) 		
		trendsand issues in midwifery	 Midwifery-led care units (MLCU) 		
			 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child- bearingwomen 		
			 Sexual and reproductive healthand rights 		
			• Women's expectations & choices about care		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practicein India:		
			• INC/MOH&FW regulations		
			• ICM code of ethics		
			• Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care		
		Discuss the legal and ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	Adaption laws MTD		
			• Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in		

[4014] II	<u>I — ų </u>		भगरत का रंगालपा :		383
			different settings (hospital/ community)		
			• Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T) D o	wiow the	Anotomy and physicle are of	Lastura	Ovia
	3 (L) and	eview the atomy and	Anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception(Maternal,		 Quiz Short answer
	hu	ysiology of man productive	Fetal & Newborn physiology)	• Self- directed	• Essay
		stem	Review:	learningModels	
			• Female pelvis – bones,	• Videos & films	
			joints,ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations		
			• Foetal skull – bones, sutures,		

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			fontanelles, diameters, moulding		
			• Fetopelvic relationship		
			Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene		
			• Fertilization, conception and implantation		
			 Embryological development 		
			• Placental development and function, placental barrier		
			• Fetal growth and development		
			• Fetal circulation & nutrition		

384		THE	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	JARY [F	PART III—SEC.4]
<u>384</u> III	12 (T) 10 (L) 40 (C)	Provide preconception care to eligible couples	 Assessment and management of normal pregnancy (ante-natal): Pre-pregnancy Care Review of sexual development (SelfLearning) Socio-cultural aspects of humansexuality (Self Learning) Preconception care Pre-conception counseling (including awareness 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Self-Learning Health talk Role play Counseling session 	 PART III—SEC.4] Short answer Objective type Assessmen t of skills with check list Case study evaluati on OSCE
			 regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (<i>Self Learning</i>) Planned parenthood 	• Case discussion/ presentation	
		Describe the physiology, assessment and management of normal pregnancy	 Pregnancy assessment and antenatalcare (I, II & III Trimesters) Normal pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy 	 Simulation Supervise d clinical practice 	
			 Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal 		
			nutrition & malnutritionBuilding partnership with womenfollowing RMC protocol		
		Demonstrate knowledge, attitude and skills of midwifery practice throughout 1 st ,2 nd and 3 rd	 Fathers' engagement in maternity care Ante-natal care: 1st The investment of the second s	Refer SBA module& Safe	
			 1st Trimesters Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation 	motherhood	
			 Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy 		

Uni t	e	Outcomes		Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method
	(Hrs					S
		trimesters	Antenata guideline	l care : as per GoI s	booklet	
			changes, decision behavior		• Lab tests – performance	
			• Danger s	igns during pregnancy	Demonstration	
			Respectfic compassion community of the second	onate	• Roleplay	
				g and reporting: as oIguidelines		
			• Role of I	Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimest	er		
			abdomi assessn heart ra	tal assessment: nal palpation, fetal nent, auscultate fetal te – Dopplerand 's stethoscope		
			being: l profile, cardio- Vibro a	nent of fetal well- DFMC, biophysical Non stress test, cocography, USG, coustic stimulation, nical tests.	• Demonstratio n of antenatal assessment	
			• Antena	tal care		
			• Womer	a centered care		
			compas	tful care and sionate nication		
			calcium suppler	education on IFA, and vitamin D nentation, glucose ce test, etc.		
			physiol	ement of ogical changes comforts of 2 nd		
			-	ative and acticanti D		
			• Referra	l and		

 - +		
	collaboration, empowerment	
	Ongoing risk assessment	
	Maternal Mental Health	
	III Trimester	
	• Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard'sstethoscope	
	 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester 	
	Third trimester tests and screening	
	 Fetal engagement in late pregnancy 	
	Childbirth preparation classes	

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning		
			 Danger signs of pregnancy – recognition of ruptured membranes 	• Scenario based	
			 Education on alternative birthingpositions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Lecture Simulation 	• Lecture	
			• Ongoing risk assessment	• Role play	
			 Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's 	 Refer GoI Guideli nes Health talk Counseling session Demonstratio n of birthing positions 	
				• Workshop on alternative birthing positions	

386		THE	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	NARY [P	ART III—SEC.4]
IV	12	Apply the	Physiology, management	• Lecture	• Essay type
	(T)	physiologyof	and careduring labour	 Discussion 	• Short
	12	labour in promoting	 Normal labour and birth 	• Demonstration	answer
	(L)	normal	• Onset of birth/labour	Bedside clinics	• Objecti
	80 (C)	childbirth	 Per vaginal examination (if necessary) 	Case discussion/	vetype • Case
		Describe the	 Stages of labour 	presentation	study evaluatio
		careduring	 Organization of labour room Triage, preparation for birth 	• Simulated practice	n • Assessmen
		labour	• Positive birth environment	• Supervised	t of skills
			 Respectful care and communication 	Clinical practice – Per vaginal	with check list
			 Drugs used in labour as per GoIguidelines 	examination, Conduction of normal	• OSCE
		Fist Stage Physiology of normal lab 	Fist Stage	childbirth	
			maintain a safe labour using • LaQsn		
		Discuss how to maintain a safe environment for		• LaQsh ya	
		labour	 Assessing and monitoring fetal wellbeing 	guidelin es • Daksha ta guidelin es	
			 Evidence based care during 1st stageof labour 		
		Work effectively for pain management	 Pain management in labour (non- pharmacological) 		
			 Psychological support – Managingfear 		
		during labour	Activity and ambulation during firststage of labour		

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	(Hrs)	Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote normal birth Assess and provide care of the newborn immediately following birth	 Nutrition during labour Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care (ENBC) Immediate assessment and care of the newborn Role of Doula/ASHA's Third Stage Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis Physiological management of third stage of labour Active management of third stage of labour (recommended) Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels Assess perineal, 	 Activities Refer ENBC, NSSK module Demonstrat ion Group work Scenario basedlearning Simulation Role play Demonstration Videos 	
			vaginal tear/injuries and suture if required		

<u>[101] II</u>	l— (भारत कें। र ा ंजपं। :	387
			Insertion of postpartum IUCD	
			Immediate perineal care	
			• Initiation of breast feeding	
			Skin to skin contact	
			Newborn resuscitation	
		Discuss the impact of labour	Fourth Stage	
		and birth as a transitional event in the	<i>Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn</i>	
			• Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss	
			• Documentation and Record of birth	

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method
V	(Hrs) 7 (T) 6 (L) 40 (C)	Ensure initiation of breast feeding and adequate latching Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	 Breastfeeding and latching Managing uterine cramp Alternative/complementary therapies Role of Doula/ASHA's Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium – Physiology, duration Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care Pladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Postnatal counseling and psychological support Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the woman up to 6 weeksafter childbirth Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation-review 	0	Method s • Essay type • Short
			Post-partum family planning		

388		THE	GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	ARY [F	ART III—SEC.4]
			• Follow-up of postnatal mothers		
			• Drugs used in the postnatal period		
			• Records and reports		
371	7	Discuss the need		Lesture	Essere truce
VI	(T)	for and provision	Assessment and ongoing care of normal neonates	LectureDiscussion	Essay typeShort
	7	of	• Family centered care	Demonstration	onewar
	(L) 40 (C)	compassionate, familycentered midwifery care of the newborn	• Respectful newborn care and communication	• Simulated practice	 Objecti vetype
	(-)		• Normal Neonate – Physiological adaptation	sessionSupervise d clinical	• Assessment t of skills with
		Describe the assessment and careof normal neonate	 Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies 	 Refer safe deliverapp	checklist OSCE
			• Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	module – newborn	

Uni t	Tim e (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Conte nt	Teaching/Lear ning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
VII	8	Explain various	 the childbirth (Routine care of newborn) Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation Infection prevention Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its management Family welfare services 	 management Partial completion of SBA module Lecture 	 Essay type
	2 (L) 40	methods of family planning and role of nurse/midwife in providing family planning services	 Impact of early/frequent childbearing Comprehensive range of familyplanning methods Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods Emergency contraceptives Recent trends and research in contraception Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS) Legal and rights aspects of FP Human rights aspects of FP adolescents Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review) 	 Supervis ed practice Field visits Scenario based learning Discussion GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization 	 Short answers Objecti vetype Field visit reports Vignettes

Describe youth friendly services androle of nurses/ midwives Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence	 Importance of follow up andrecommended timing Gender related issues in SRH Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife Special courts for abused people Gender sensitive health services including family planning 		
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PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours) **PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care

- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinic al Area	Durati on (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Methods
Antena tal OPD and Antena tal ward	1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests forantenatal women and assistin selected antenatal diagnostic procedures	 History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin, grouping & typing Blood test for malaria KICK chart USG/NST Antenatal counseling 	 Antena tal palpati on Health talk Case study 	 OSCE Case presentatio n
		women	 Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication readiness 		
Labo ur room	3 weeks	Monitor labour usingpartograph Provide care to	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Per vaginal examination when indicated Care during first stage of labour Pain management 	 Partogra ph recordin g PV examinati on Assisting/ Conductio n ofnormal 	 Assignmen t case study Case presentatio n OSCE
		womenduring labour	 Fail management techniques Upright and alternative	childbirthCase study	

		Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	 positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of thirdstage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour 	 Case presentatio n Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitati on 	
Post- partum clinic and Postnat al Ward includi ng FP unit	2 weeks	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers –normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management 	 Postnata assessm ent Newbor n assessm ent Case study 	 Assignmen t Case study Case presentatio n

Clinic al Area	Durati on (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Methods
		Provide postnatal counseling	 Postnatal counseling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care 	 Case presentatio n PPIUCD insertion 	
		Provide family welfare services	• Family welfare counseling	& removal	

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

VII SEMESTER

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY

(OBG) NURSING - IIPRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 4 Credits (320 hours) **PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2. Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate

- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinic al Areas	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
Antena tal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproduct ive	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures	 Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures 	 Antena tal palpati on Health talk Case study 	 Simulation Case presentation OSCE
medicine and antenatal ward		Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal mothers	 Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness 		
		Provide post abortioncare and postnatal counselling Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	 Post abortion care Post abortion counselling Counselling infertile couples 		
Labour room	2 weeks	Conduction of normalchidlbirth Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries Monitor labour usingpartograph	 Assessment of woman inlabour Partograph Pervaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour 	 Partogra ph recordin g Pain manageme nt during labour Conductio n ofnormal childbirth Assisting in abnorma l deliverie s 	 Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation OSCE

<u>[भगग III</u> — ्	भारत का र⊂ााजपः :	393
	Identify manage complications duringlabour• Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological• Managing complication onduring labourIdentify manage complications duringlabour• Conduction of normal childbirth • Essential newborn care • Newborn resuscitation • Active management of third stage of labour• Case presentation • Case presentation	
	 Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis Assist in the management of 	

Clinic al Areas	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
			abnormal deliveries – posteriorposition, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia		
			 Assist in cervical encerclageprocedures, D&C, D&E 		
			• Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony		
			• Management of obstetric shock		
Postnat al Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identifypostnatal complications Provide postnatal care	 Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complication s 	 Health talk Postnata assessm ent Newbor assessm 	 Role play Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation
			• Care of postnatal mothers – abnormal deliveries, caesarean section	 Case studies Case presentation 	VignettesOSCE
			• Care of normal newborn	• PPIUCD	
		Provide family welfare services	Lactation management Postnatal counselling	insertion and removal	
			 Postnatal counselling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care 		
			• Family welfare counselling		

394		THE GAZETTE	OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINAR	Y [P	ART III—SEC.4]
Neonatal Intensive CareUnit	1 week	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/cong enital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation	 Neonatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation Phototherapy and managementof jaundice in newborn 	 Case study Case presentation Assignments Simulat ed practice 	 Case presentation Care study Care plan Simulati on, Vignette s OSCE
		Care of high risknewborn	 Assist in Exchange transfusion Neonatal feeding – spoon andkatori, paladai, NG tube 		USCL
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc	 Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery 		
		Assist/perform specialneonatal procedures	 Neonatal medications Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation 		
Obstetr ic/ Gynae operati on theatre & Gynecolog y	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	 Observe/Assist in caesarean section Management of retained placenta 	 Assisting in obstetric and gynecologi calsurgery Tray set-up for 	 Assignment Tray set-up forobstetric and gynecologi cal surgeries

Clinic al Areas	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requireme nts	Assessm ent Method s
ward		Care for women with gynecological disorders	 Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education 	caesare an section • Care plan	 Case presentation Simulation Vignettes

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	100	160	5+2

SUBJECT TITLE:Community Health Nursing SUBJECT CODE:N-COMH(II)401 SEMESTER : Seventh CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

> Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -75 Duration Of exam -3hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Uni	Tim	Learni	Conte	Teaching /	Assessm
t	e	ng	nt	Learning	ent
	(Hr	Outcom		Activities	Method
	s)	es			S

396		THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	JARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
396 I	10 Explain nurs (T) rolein identification primary management and referral clients with common disorders/ conditions a	 Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid Standing orders: Definition, uses Screening, diagnosing/ identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System Abdominal pain 	 JARY [PA Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of 	 RT III—SEC.4] Short answer Essay Field visit reports OSCE assessm ent
	emergencies including fir aid		clients with common conditions and provide referral	
		Respiratory System Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis 		
		 Acute lower respiratory infections – Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain Heart & Blood 		
		 Common heart diseases – Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleedingdisorders 		
		 Eye & ENT conditions Eye – local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors 		
		 ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness Urinary System Urinary tract infections – cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children 		
		First aid in common emergency conditions – Review		

Uni	Tim	Learni	Conte	Teaching /	Assessm
t	e	ng	nt	Learning	ent
	(Hr	Outcom		Activities	Method
II	s) 20	es Provide	Reproductive, maternal,	• Lecture	s • Short
	(T)	reproductive,	newborn, child and adolescent	 Discussion 	answer
		maternal, newbornand	Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in	 Demonstration 	• Essay
		childcare,	community setting)	• Role play	• OSCE
		including adolescent	Present situation of reproductive	• Suggested	assessm ent
		urban and	Antenatal care	and field	
		ruralhealth care settings	• Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling	 practice Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool 	
			 Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy 		
			• Antenatal care at health centre level	child, school child, and	
			• Birth preparedness	adolescent health	
			 High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis 	nearth	
			• Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports		
			Intra natal care		
			• Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour		
			• Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour		
			• Care of women after labour		
			• Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up – preterm labour, fetal distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus		
			• Care of newborn immediately after birth		

-			
		• Maintenance of records and reports	
		• Use of Safe child birth check list	
		• SBA module – Review	
		Organization of labour room	
		Postpartum care	
		• Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling	
		• Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, post-partum depression	
		 Postpartum visit by health care provider 	
			1

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	2)		Newborn and child care		2
			• <i>Review:</i> Essential newborn care		
			• Management of common neonatal problems		
			• Management of common child health problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral		
			• Review: IMNCI Module		
			• Under five clinics		
			Adolescent Health		
			• Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys		
			 Common Gynecological conditions – dysmenoorhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breastlump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse 		
		Promote adolescent health and youth friendly services	• Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legalage of marriage, nutritional status of adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme	 Screen, manage andrefer 	
			• Youth friendly services:	adolescents	
			• SRH Service needs	Counsel adolescents	
			 Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, non judgemental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication 	adolescents	
			 Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS balanced counseling strategy) 		
			National Programs		
			• RMNCH+A Approach – Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategies, Interventions across life stages, program management, monitoring and evaluation		

398	THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINAL	RY [PART III—SEC.4]
	systems	
	• Universal Immunization Program (UIP) asper Government of India guidelines – Review	
	• Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram(RSBK) - children	
	• Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram(RKSK) – adolscents	
	Any other new programs	

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
III	`		 Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics – demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics – Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system Morbidity and mortality indicators – Definition, calculation and interpretation 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	
			 Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India Collection, analysis, 		
			 interpretation, use of data <i>Review:</i> Common sampling techniques –random and nonrandom techniques Disaggregation of data 		

<u>[भःग II</u>	[— (भारत का रंााजपा :		399
IV	6 (T)	Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India	 Population and its Control Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answer Essay OSCE assessm ent Counseling onfamily
		Describe the various methods of population control	 Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of smallfamily norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) 		planning
			 Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual healthincluding problems of adolescents 		
			 Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act 		
			 National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK(Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh) 		
			• Family planning 2020		
			 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program 		
V	5	Describe	Occupational Health	• Lecture	• Essay
	(T)	occupational healthhazards, occupational diseases and the role of	 Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act 	DiscussionDemonstrationRole play	 Short answer Clinical performa
		nurses in			nce

Unit	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		occupational health programs	 National/ State Occupational Health Programs Role of a nurse in occupational health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	Suggested field visitsField practice	evaluation
VI	6 (T)	Identify health problems of olderadults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	 Geriatric Health Care Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National program for health care of elderly(NPHCE) State level programs/Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Visit report onelderly home Essay Short answer
VII	6 (T)	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	 Mental Health Disorders Screening, management, prevention andreferral for mental health disorders <i>Review:</i> Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction program National Mental Health Program National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Essay Short answer Counseli ngreport

400		Т	HE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDIN	ARY [PA	RT III—SEC.4]
			treatment and followup of mentally ill clients		
VII I	(T)	Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	 Health Management Information System (HMIS) Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues <i>Review:</i> Basic Demography and vital statistics Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Group project on community diagnosis – data 	 Group project report Essay Short answer

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	12		 Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	management	
IX		Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas	 Management of delivery of community health services: Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC Manpower planning as per IPHS standards Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals Defense services Institutional services Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services 	 Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care delivery systems Supervised fieldpractice 	 Essay Short answer Filed visit reports

[भी] III--- ्

_[भःग II]	I— Q	भारत का र ा ाजप :		401
THOM III	 15 Describe the (T) leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the 	<u>Hord का राजय :</u> Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring • Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits 	 Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs, ASHA, AWWs Participat
	personnel at thePHCs, SCs and community level including financial	 Roles and responsibilities of Mid-LevelHealth Care Providers (MLHPs) Village Health Sanitation and 	• Field practice	ionin training programs • Essay
	Describe the roles and	Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles & responsibilities • Health team management		• Short answer
	responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs)in	 <i>Review</i>: Leadership & supervision –concepts, principles & methods Leadership in health: leadership 		
	Health Wellness Centers (HWCs)	approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics		
		• Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring – concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers		
		Financial Management and Accounting & Computing at Health Centers (SC)		
		 Activities for which funds are received 		

Unit	Tim	Learni	Conte	Teaching /	Assessm
	e	ng	nt	Learning	ent
	(Hr s)	Outcom es		Activities	Method s
	5)	C5	• Accounting and book keeping		5
			requirements – accounting principles & policies,		
			book of accounts to be maintained,		
			basic accountingentries,		
			accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE		
			reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting		
			 Preparing a budget 		
			∘ Audit		
			Records & Reports:		
			• Concepts of records and reports – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records		
			• <i>Types of records</i> – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining		
			• <i>Report writing</i> – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports		
			• <i>Medical Records Department</i> – functions, filing and retention of medical records		
			• <i>Electronic Medical Records</i> (<i>EMR</i>) – capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of HER		
			 Nurses' responsibility in record keepingand reporting 		

XI	6	Demonstrate	Disaster Management	• Lecture	
	(T)	initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management	 Disaster types and magnitude Disaster preparedness Emergency preparedness Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome Basic disaster supplies kit Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Mock drills Refer Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies 	
XII	3 (T)	Describe the importance of bio-medical waste management, its process and management	 Bio-Medical Waste Management Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community Waste management in health center/clinics Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review) 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Field visit to waste management site 	• Field visit report
XII I	3 (T)	Explain the rolesand functions of	Health Agencies	• Lecture	• Essay

Uni t	Tim e (Hr s)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
	57	various national and international health agencies	 International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Councilfor Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, anyother 	 Discussion Field visits 	• Short answer
			 Voluntary Health Association of India(VHA) 		

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

Clinical practicum – 2 credits (160

hours) CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40

hours per week)

Clinic al Area	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedur al Competenc ies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessm ent Method s
Urban	2 weeks	Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with	• Screening, diagnosing, management	 Screening, diagnosing, Primarymanagement and care based on 	 Clinical performa nce
Rural	2 Weeks	common conditions/ emergencies	andreferral of clients with common conditions/ emergencies	 standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW Minor ailments - 2 Emergencies - 1 Dental problems - 1 	assessme nt • OSCE during posting • Final clinical
			 Assessmen t (physical & nutritional of antenatal, 	 Eye problems – 1 Ear, nose, and throat problems – 1 High risk pregnant 	examinati on (Universit y)

A 1	•	1	
Assess and	intrapartu	woman – 1	
provide antenatal,	m,	• High risk neonate – 1	
intrapartum,	postnatal	0	
postnatal and new-	and	• Assessment of	• Clinical
borncare	newborn	antenatal – 1,	performa
	Conduction of	intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and	nce
	normal	newborn – 1	assessme nt
	delivery at		-
	health center	Conduction of normal	• OSCE
		delivery at health center	
		and documentation -2	
		 Immediate newborn 	
		care and	
		documentation – 1	
	Newborn care		
		• Adolescent counseling –	
	Counsel adolescents	1	
	• Family		
	planning		
	counselling	• Family planning	
	 Distribution 	counselling –	
	of temporary		
	contraceptive		
	s – condoms,		
	OCP's,		
Durante	emergency		
Promote	contraceptive		
adolescent	S		
health			

Clinic al Area	Durati on (Week s)	Learning Outcomes	Procedur al Competenc ies/	Clinical Requirements	Assessm ent Method s
			Clinical Skills		
		Provide family welfareservices	• Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	1 • Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban)	• Family Case study evaluatio n
		manage and refer clients with occupational health problem Screen, assess and manage elderly with health problems	 Health assessment of elderly Mental health screening 	• Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 1	 Clinical performa nce evaluatio n
		andrefer appropriately Screen, diagnose,	 Participation in 	 Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1 	
		Participate in community	Community diagnosis – data management • Writing health center	 Mental health screening survey 1 	• OSCE
		diagnosis –data management	activity report • Organizing and	 Group project: Community diagnosis – data management 	
		Participate in healthcentre activities	 conducting clinics/cam p Participation in disaster mock 	• Write report on health centeractivities – 1	
		Organize and conduct clinics/health	drills 338	 Organizing and conducting 	 Project evaluati on

404	THE GAZETTE OF IN	[PART III—SEC.4]	
	camps in the	Antenatal/under-five	•
	community	clinic/Health camp –	-
		1	
		 Participation in disas mock drills 	ster
	Prepare for		
	disaster		
	preparedness	• Field visit to bio-	
	and	medical waste	
	management	management site	
	Recognize the	Visit to AVUCH sliv	
	importance and	• Visit to AYUSH clin	lic
	observethe		
	biomedical waste		
	management		
	process		

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

SUBJECT TITLE: Nursing Research And Statistics SUBJECT CODE:NRTS 405 SEMESTER : Seventh CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:2

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	40	80	2+1

Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -75 Duration Of exam -3hrs

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, P – Practicum

Uni		me	Learni	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	<u> </u>	[rs.)	ng	nt	Learning	ent
	Т	Р	Outcom		Activities	Method
			es		-	S
Ι	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	 Research and Research Process Introduction and need for nursingresearch Definition of Research & nursingresearch Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of Research process – overview Evidence Based Practice – Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies Identify research priorities on a given area/ specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	 Short answer Objective type

	0				
Π	2	8 Identify and statethe research problem and objectives	 Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives and hypotheses 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives 	 Short answer Objective type Formulatio n of research questions/ objectives/ hypothesis

Uni	Ti	me	Learni	Conte	Teaching/	Assessm
t	(H	[rs.)	ng	nt	Learning	ent
	Т	Р	Outcom		Activities	Method
			es			S
ш	2	6	Review the related literature	 Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc. Purposes Method of review 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem 	 Short answer Objective type Assessmen t ofreview of literature on given topic presented
IV	4	1	Describe the Research approaches anddesigns	Research Approaches and Designs • Historical, survey and experimental • Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Prepare annotated Bibliography Lecture cum Discussio n Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale 	 Short answer Objective type

THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY

[PART III—SEC.4]

V	6	6	Explain the Samplin g process Describe the methods of data collection	 Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques Data – why, what, from whom, when and where to collect Data collection methodsand instruments Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparatio n of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project 	 Short answer Objective type Developin g questionna ire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
				 Data collection procedure 		
VI	4	6	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	 Analysis of data Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Preparatio n of sample tables 	 Short answer Objective type Analyze and interpret givendata
VII	12	8	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measureme nt	 Introduction to Statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. 	 Lecture cum Discussio n Practice on 	 Short answer Objective type Computation of

407

Uni t		me Irs.) P	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
			and graphical presentatio n of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation	 Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	 graphical presentati ons Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability& correlation 	descripti ve statistics
VII I	4	5 40 Hrs (Clinic al Projec t)	Communicate and utilize the research findings	Communication and utilization of Research • Communication of research findings • Verbal report • Writing research report • Writing scientific article/paper • Critical review of published research including publication ethics • Utilization of research findings • Conducting group research project	 Lecture cum Discussio n Read/ Presentations of a sample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/gr oup research project 	 Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Developmen t ofresearch proposal Assessment of research Project

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING - II including Safe Delivery App Module

SUBJECT TITLE: Midwifery and Gynecology Nursing-II SUBJECT CODE:n-MIDW9(II)410 SEMESTER : Seventh CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:3

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	100	360	3+1+1

Internal Assessment: 25 End Semester Exam -75 Duration Of exam -3hrs

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetric and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire

knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and helpto develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, SL/L – Skill Lab, C – Clinical

Uni t	Time		Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning	Assessm ent
	(Hrs.)	Outcom es		Activities	Method s
	Time (Hrs.) 12 (T) 10 (L) 80 (C)	ng Outcom		Learning Activities • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Video & films • Scan reports • Case discussion • Case presentation • Drug presentation • Health talk • Simulation • Role play	ent Method s • Essay • Short answer • Objective type • Assessmen t of skills with check list
			childrenHydramniosMultiple pregnancy		
			• Abnormalities of placenta and cord		

100		[I'mai in Dec.1]
	• Intra uterine growth restriction	
	• Intra uterine fetal death	
	Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy	
	 Mental health issues during pregnancy 	
	Adolescent pregnancy	
	• Elderly primi, grand multiparity	
	• Management and care of conditions asper the GoI protocol	
	• Policy for the referral services	

THE GAZETTE OF INDIA : EXTRAORDINARY

[PART III—SEC.4]

ent of and	
and	
 Discussion Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentatio n Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guidelines – use of uterotonics during labour, antenatal corticosteroids GoI guidance note on prevention and management of PPH 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Assessmen t ofskills with check list OSCE
	 Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentatio n Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guidelines – use of uterotonics during labour, antenatal corticosteroids GoI guidance note on prevention and management of PPH

<u>[भाग II</u>			भगरत को र ा ाजपः :		409
			 Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetric operations and procedures Drugs used in management of abnormal labour Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics 		
III	9 (T) 5 (L) 40 (C)	Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.	 Recognition and Management of postnatal problems Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal Puerperal complications and its management Puerperal pyrexia Puerperal sepsis 	 Lecture Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice 	 Quiz Simulation Short answer OSCE

Uni t	Time (Hrs.)	Learni ng Outcom es	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		••	• Urinary complications		~
			 Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage 		
			∘ Vulval hematoma		
			 Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feedingproblem 		
			 Thrombophlebitis 		
			◦ DVT		
			• Uterine sub involution		
			 Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Rectovaginal fistula (RVF) 		
			 Postpartum depression/psychosis 		
			• Drugs used in abnormal puerperium		
			Policy about referral		

Uni t	Time (Hrs.)	Learni ng Outcom	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method
		es	community facility integration innewborn care		S
			 Decision making about management and referral 		
			Bereavement counseling		
			 Drugs used for high risk newborns 		
			• Maintenance of records and reports		

V	12 (T)	Describe	Assessment and management	• Lecture	• Essay
	5 (L)	the	of women with gynecological	• Discussion	Short
	80 (C)	assessment	disorders	 Demonstration 	answer
	00 (C)	managemen	• Gynecological assessment –	Case	 Objective
		t of women	History and Physical assessment	• Case discussion/	type
		with	Breast Self-Examination	presentation	• Assessmen
		gynecologic al disorders.	Congenital abnormalities of femalereproductive system	• Drug presentation	t ofskills with check
			• Etiology, pathophysiology,	• Videos, films	list
			clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment	 Simulated practice 	• OSCE
			modalities and management of women with	• Supervised Clinical	
			 Menstrual abnormalities 	practice	
			 Abnormal uterine bleed 	• Visit to	
			• Pelvic inflammatory disease	infertility	
			 Infections of the reproductive tract 	clinic and ART centers	
			• Uterine displacement		
			• Endometriosis		
			 Uterine and cervical fibroids and polyps 		
			 Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian, vaginal, vulval 		
			∘ Cysts – ovarian, vulval		
			 Cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele 		
			• Genitor-urinary fistulas		
			 Breast disorders – infections, deformities, cysts, tumors 		
			• HPV vaccination		
			 Disorders of Puberty and menopause 		
			• Hormonal replacement therapy		
			• Assessment and management of couples with infertility		
			• Infertility – definition, causes		
			• Counseling the infertile couple		
			 Investigations – male and female 		
			 Artificial reproductive technology 		
			• Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation		

VI SE Uni t	MESTER Time (Hrs.)	Conte nt	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessm ent Method s
		• Adoption – counseling, procedures		
		• Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence		
		• Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders		

INTERNSHIP -

SUBJECT TITLE:INTERNSHIP SUBJECT CODE: SEMESTER : Eight CONTACT HOURS/WEEK:48

Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit (C)
-	-	1056	12

Internal Assessment: 100 End Semester Exam -100

Course Code	Subject Tittle
INTE 145	Community Health Nursing -
INTE 420	Adult Health Nursing
INTE 425	Child Health Nursing
INTE 430	Mental Health Nursing
INTE 435	Midwifery